

# Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FEI (105-66754)

FROM : SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 2) -C-

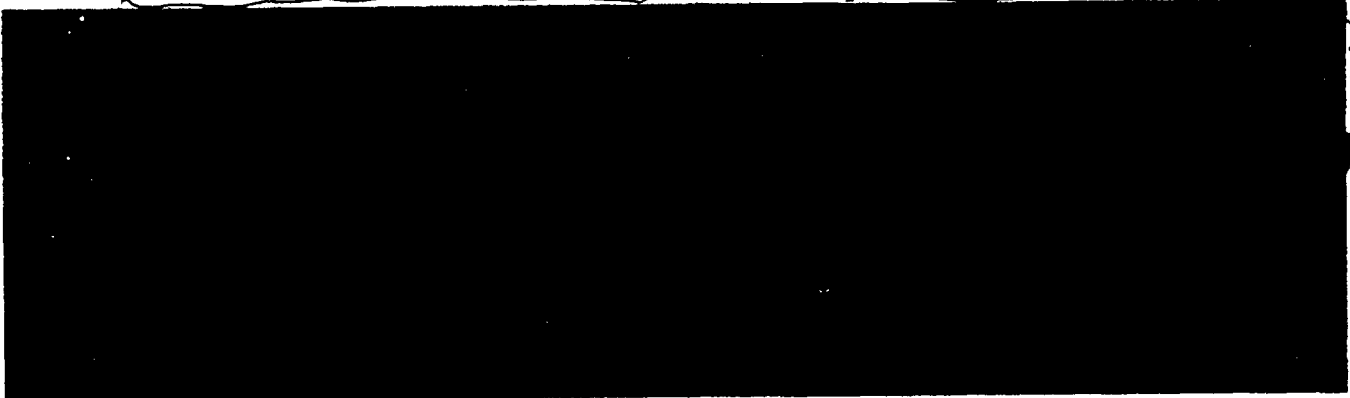
SUBJECT: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE  
FOR PUERTO RICO  
IS - PRN  
(OO: SAN JUAN)

DATE: 1/8/71

*0-1 SI 11/71*  
*#2 rep*  
*Om*

Re San Juan letter to Bureau, 11/5/70.

As the Bureau is aware, the above-captioned program was instituted in April, 1967, to afford comprehensive coverage of known violence-prone individuals who instituted violence at the time of the Puerto Rican Plebiscite scheduled for July, 1967. This program was terminated shortly after the Plebiscite as no violence occurred. In November, 1967, the program was reinstated regarding 64 SI subjects, who had a potential for terrorist activities because of their background. The Bureau then concurred, on 6/25/68, that the program be directed towards a select number of individuals known to be exceptional threats to the internal security of the United States and Puerto Rico. By 9/18/68, the number of individuals given priority under this program was dropped to five key functionaries of the independence movement.



- 6-Memorandum (105-66754) (RM)
- (1-105-75686)
- (1-105-83053)
- (1-105-87026)
- (1-105-292)
- 6-San Juan (105-3353 Sub 2)
- (1-105-3318)
- (1-105-3867)
- (1-105-3657)
- (1-100-4785)
- (1-65-419)

*105-292-*

NOT RECORDED

50 JAN 18 1971

JJK: jr  
5 JAN 21 1971

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-66754-118



Logical confidential informants of the San Juan Division and frequent spot checks of the residences and employments of the above mentioned individuals during the past two months have not given any indication that they are involved in terrorist-type activities at the present time.



The other subjects included in the intensification program are on the Security Index and their cases are periodically reopened for review of their activities.

In view of the above this case is being placed in a closed status in the San Juan Office.

Memorandum

Partido Comunista  
Crisita Gues Hall  
DATE: 12/27/67  
a PR  
1971

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-93124)

SAN JUAN (105-3353 Sub 1)

cc: [unclear]  
FROM: [unclear]  
SUBJECT: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO  
COUNTER INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM  
(RACIAL INTELLIGENCE SECTION)  
IS-PRN

Re: San Juan letter to the Bureau, 11/13/67;  
Bureau airtel to San Juan and New York, 11/22/67.

The Counter Intelligence letter as suggested in  
the San Juan letter dated 11/13/67, and approved in Bureau  
letter dated 11/22/67, was translated into idiomatic  
Spanish and mailed under secured conditions on 12/5/67,  
to selected members of the MIPR in Puerto Rico and New  
York, and PCP members in San Juan.

New York should remain alert for any information  
concerning this letter and advise the Bureau and San Juan.

2-Bureau  
2-New York (105-32072)  
1-San Juan  
RCS:ldr  
(3)

REC 18

105-93124-245

14 JAN 3 1968

g m [unclear]

JAN 8 1968

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



1 - Mr. [redacted]  
1 - Mr. [redacted]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SAC, San Juan (105-3353 Sub 1)

1/11/71

Director, FBI (105-93124)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE  
FOR PUERTO RICO  
COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM  
IS - PPR

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN  
OTHERWISE.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
& FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF [redacted]  
DATE 5-22-71

Rerep of SA [redacted] dated 12/30/70  
entitled "Liga Socialista Puertorriqueña (LSP), IS - PPR."



An analysis of referenced report indicates [redacted] of the LSP, continues to spend large sums of money and live well above his apparent means. This has been a source of wonderment among other financially strapped Puerto Rican radical groups.

In view of this, San Juan should give prompt consideration to counterintelligence moves at this time against [redacted]. It is known many individuals in the various Puerto Rican nationalist groups are disenchanted with [redacted] and now would appear to be a good time to take advantage and publicize his continued grand style of living.

You should consider this in light of the situation as seen by your office. Submit your comments and recommendations for Bureau consideration utilizing above caption.

- 1 - 100-335202 [redacted]
  - 1 - 105-127318 (LSP)
  - 1 - 105-203731 (PPR)
- SSM:acs (8)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Classified 6098  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite  
2-28-75 (LSP)

JAN 13 1971

COMM-FBI

100-105-105

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

53 JAN 14 1971 TELETYPE UNIT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Letter to San Juan  
Re: Groups Seeking Independence  
For Puerto Rico  
Counterintelligence Program  
105-93124

NOTE:

We have had initial success against [REDACTED] and the LSP. It is felt it is again time to move against him and his organization. An additional successful move against [REDACTED] could remove from prominence this militant dangerous separatist.

- 2 -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Domestic Intelligence Division

*Just Hall*

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 1/11/71

Attached describes counterintelligence proposal to be implemented by San Juan Office upon arrival of [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] in San Juan. [REDACTED] is to arrive there about [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] is expected to be met on arrival at airport in San Juan by leaders of these groups. San Juan proposes to have [REDACTED]

Publicity given [REDACTED] on arrival would hinder any alliance planned between these groups, and does not appear to offer Bureau any possibility of embarrassment. If approved, San Juan will be instructed to implement this activity.

RCP:CSH

*WSP* *OK* *V. WBS*

*ds*

ENCLOSURE

*105-15124-1*

ENCLOSURE

NR 232 SJ CODE

NR 232 SJ CODE

3-11PM IMMEDIATE 1-11-71 HDP

TO DIRECTOR

NEW YORK ---VIA WASHINGTON---

FROM SAN JUAN (2P)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA, INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST, BUFILE ONE HUNDRED DASH THREE DASH SIX NINE, NEW YORK FILE ONE HUNDRED DASH ONE TWO NINE EIGHT ZERO TWO, SAN JUAN FILE ONE HUNDRED DASH SIX SEVEN EIGHT; GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO, COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM, INTERNAL SECURITY DASH PUERTO RICAN NATIONALIST, BUFILE ONE ZERO FIVE DASH NINE THREE ONE TWO FOUR, SAN JUAN FILE ONE ZERO FIVE DASH THREE THREE FIVE THREE SUB ONE.

RE BUREAU LETTER TO SAN JUAN DATED NOVEMBER THIRTY LAST ON JANUARY ELEVEN INSTANT, [REDACTED] ADVISED

THAT [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]

SAN JUAN OFFICE FEELS THAT THIS IS AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY TO ENACT THE FOLLOWING COUNTERINTELLIGENCE MEASURE: (C)

END PAGE ONE

100 JAN 29 1971  
ENCLOSURE

105-92114  
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
DECLASSIFIED BY 6080

Classified by 6096  
EXEMPT FROM GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

JAN 21 1971

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF DATE

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-93174 (Counterintelligence)

CONFIDENTIAL  
JAN 1 1971  
TELETYPE

*CBP*

Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Walters	_____
Mr. Soyars	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

NR 001 SJ PLAIN

1-09 000PM IMMEDIATE 1-12-71 ALL

TO DIRECTOR

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE 1 21 71

ATTENTION DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

NEW YORK

VIA WASHINGTON

FROM SAN JUAN 2P

*ma*

*Woolf*  
*Gray*

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA, INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST, BUFILE ONE  
HUNDRED DASH THREE DASH SIX NINE; NEW YORK FILE ONE HUNDRED DASH  
ONE TWO NINE EIGHT ZERO TWO; SAN JUAN FILE ONE HUNDRED DASH SIX  
SEVEN EIGHT; GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO,  
COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM, INTERNAL SECURITY - PUERTO RICAN  
NATIONALIST, BUFILE ONE ZERO FIVE DASH NINE THREE ONE TWO FOUR,  
SAN JUAN FILE ONE ZERO FIVE DASH THREE THREE FIVE THREE SUB ONE.  
IA SAN JUAN TELETYPE TO BUREAU, JANUARY ELEVEN LAST.

ORIGINAL FILED IN

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS IN ADDITION TO INFORMATION  
FURNISHED BY \_\_\_\_\_ AS SET FORTH IN REFERENCED  
TELETYPE. (u)

\_\_\_\_\_

END PAGE ONE

TELETYPE TO:  
*NY*

*leaves fib cc in*  
*105-93129*  
*counterintelligence*  
*5-02*

*Prattman*

61 JAN 21 1971

JAN 19 1971

Classified by 6093  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite  
*2-20-73*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



PAGE TWO

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

PROVIDED NEW YORK CAN FURNISH SAN JUAN WITH EXACT FLIGHT NUMBER, ARRIVAL TIME AND AIRLINE UTILIZED, SAN JUAN, IF AUTHORIZED, WOULD CONTACT [REDACTED] WHO HAS IN THE PAST DEMONSTRATED A ZEALOUS ANTI-COMMUNIST POSITION AND WHO IS [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] THE POSSIBILITY EXISTS THAT [REDACTED] WOULD BE MET AT THE AIRPORT BY [REDACTED] OR AT LEAST BY SOME TOP FUNCTIONARIES OF [REDACTED]. THE EXPECTANT RESULTS, IF THE AFOREMENTIONED IS IMPLEMENTED, IS THAT [REDACTED]

LEAD. NEW YORK THROUGH ESTABLISHED SOURCES DETERMINE AIRLINE, FLIGHT NUMBER AND TIME OF ARRIVAL OF [REDACTED] AT SAN JUAN INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT ON [REDACTED] SAN JUAN OFFICE AWAITING BUREAU AUTHORIZATION.

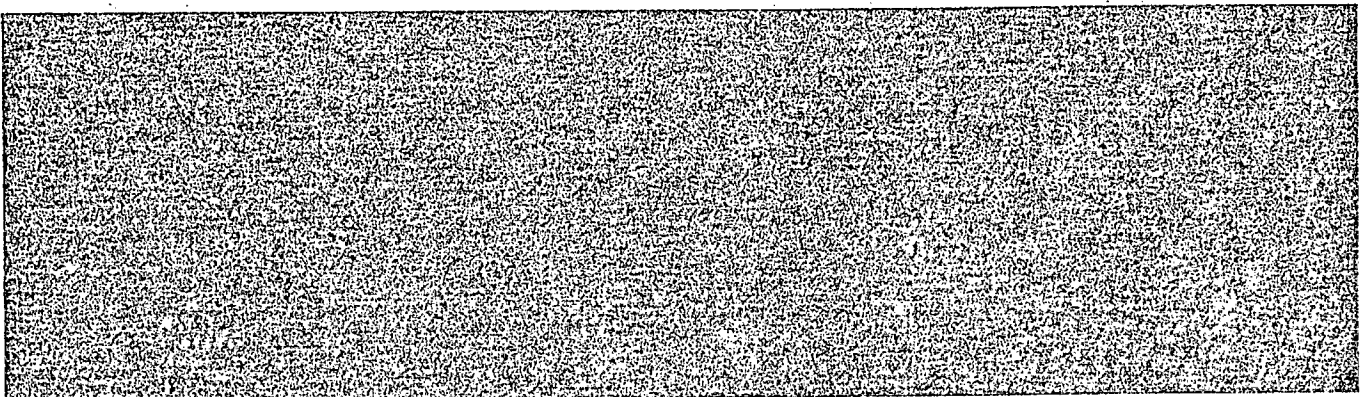
END

R RELAY ELR FBI WASH DC

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

PAGE TWO



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ (c)

LEAD. NEW YORK IS REQUESTED TO EXPEDITE OBTAINING ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
DATE AND TIME OF ARRIVAL AT SAN JUAN AND ALSO THE AIRLINE TO BE  
UTILIZED IN ORDER OFFICE WILL HAVE ADEQUATE TIME TO IMPLEMENT  
THE COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PLAN AS SET FORTH IN REFERENCED TELETYPE,  
PROVIDED BUREAU AUTHORITY IS GRANTED. (u)

END  
ELR  
FBI WASH DC

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

- Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Bishop \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Brennan, CD \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Felt \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Walters \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Swans \_\_\_\_\_
- Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_
- Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_
- Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TELETYPE

NR 008 NY CODE

1118AM IMMEDIATE 1-14-71 JAH

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TO DIRECTOR 61-8077

ATT DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

SAN JUAN 100-678

SAN JUAN VIA WASHINGTON

FROM NEW YORK 100-84994 IP

*Handwritten signatures and initials*

[REDACTED], AKA; INTERNAL SECURITY-C; (NATIONAL COMMITTEE)

RE NEW YORK AIRTELS TO DIRECTOR JANUARY EIGHT, SEVENTYONE AND TO SAN JUAN JANUARY THIRTEEN, SEVENTYONE.

RESERVATIONS VERIFIED FOR SUBJECT AS [REDACTED] TRAVELLING WITH [REDACTED], SCHEDULED TO DEPART NEWARK AIRPORT VIA EASTERN AIRLINES FLIGHT [REDACTED] AT TWELVE NOON, [REDACTED] ARRIVE SAN JUAN INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT FOUR TWENTYNINE PM. [REDACTED] SCHEDULED TO RETURN TO JOHN F. KENNEDY INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT, NEW YORK VIA EASTERN FLIGHT [REDACTED] ON [REDACTED]

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF DATE

END 1-706 A

MGS FBI WASHDC TELETYPE TO: TU CLR

*Handwritten initials: SJ*

*Handwritten notes:*  
 cc in 105-93174 (Confidential) 5-80m

DECLASSIFIED BY *5 Patrick* 6080 Yea  
 1977

Classified by *6-11-77*  
 Exempt from GDS coverage  
 Date of Declassification Indefinite

RECEIVED 1971

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

*CRP/DM*

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Walters	_____
Mr. Soyars	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TELETYPE

10:36PM 1-16-71 URGENT RRR

TO DIRECTOR (100-3-69) (105-93124)

*CRP*

(ATTN. DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION)

:9CODE

NEW YORK (100-129802)

MIAMI (100-12009)

FROM SAN JUAN (100-678) (105-3353 SUB 1)

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA.

IS DASH COMMUNIST.

*X*  
*CRP*  
*Mig*

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO, COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM.

IS DASH PRN.

*Records file com- 105-93124 (Confidential)*

RE BUTEL TO SJ JANUARY THIRTEEN LAST.

*Gus Hall*

ON JANUARY SIXTEEN, INSTANT, [REDACTED], CP, USA, NEW YORK, ARRIVED AT FOUR TWENTY PM, SAN JUAN AIRPORT ABOARD EASTERN AIR LINES FLIGHT NINE SIX SEVEN FROM NEWARK, NEW JERSEY. UPON EXITING THE PLANE [REDACTED] WAS CONFRONTED BY NUMEROUS REPRESENTATIVES OF THE PUERTO RICAN NEWS MEDIA SPECIFICALLY FROM WAPA TELEVISION, WHOA RADIO, EL MUNDO AND EL IMPARCIAL NEWSPAPERS (SPANISH LANGUAGE NEWSPAPERS)

END PAGE ONE.

*1-706*

*105-93124*

JAN 19 1971

NOT RECORDED

JAN 19 1971

*S 2*

JAN 27 1971

ORIGINAL FILED IN

PAGE TWO ..

PUBLISHED DAILY IN SAN JUAN.) [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] BUAGENTS OBSERVED [REDACTED] TO BE OBVIOUSLY SURPRISED AND ANNOYED. MEDIA REPORTERS PRESENTED NUMEROUS QUESTIONS TO [REDACTED] AS HE WALKED THROUGH A CROWDED SAN JUAN AIRPORT TERMINAL. THE DURATION OF THE INTERVIEW LASTED APPROXIMATELY FIFTEEN MINUTES AND [REDACTED] INITIALLY APPEARED FLUSTERED AND DID NOT GAIN HIS SPEAKING COMPOSURE UNTIL NEAR THE END OF THE INTERVIEW.

NEWS MEDIA REPORTERS ADVISED [REDACTED] WAS ACCOMPANIED ON THE FLIGHT BY [REDACTED] AND UNSUB WHITE MALE, PRESUMABLY [REDACTED] WAS MET BY THE FOLLOWING PCP PERSONAGES; [REDACTED],

[REDACTED] SUITCASE BORE THE STICKER QUOTE FREE ANGELA UNQUOTE.

INVESTIGATION DETERMINED THAT [REDACTED], NEGRO MALE, THIRTY EIGHT, FIVE FEET ELEVEN INCHES, DEPARTED FOR ST. CROIX, VIRGIN ISLANDS, TOGETHER WITH [REDACTED], NEGRO MALE, THIRTY TWO, SIX FEET TWO INCHES. PRIVATE TICKETS IN THEIR NAMES REFLECTED THAT THEIR ITINERARY CONSISTED OF LEAVING ST. CROIX ON JANUARY TWELVE LAST, GOING TO NEW YORK, THEN TO SAN JUAN AND RETURNING TO ST. CROIX ON JANUARY SIXTEEN INSTANT.

HIGHLIGHTS OF [REDACTED] INTERVIEW ARE AS FOLLOWS: HE STATED HE  
END PAGE TWO ..

PAGE THREE ...

WAS HERE IN PUERTO RICO TO GET ACQUAINTED WITH ALL ANTI IMPERIALIST FIGHTERS AND MENTIONED HE WAS FOR THE INDEPENDENCE OF PUERTO RICO. HE STATED HE EXPECTED TO VISIT RUSSIA IN MARCH NINETEEN SEVENTY ONE. HE COMMENTED HE WOULD BE GLAD TO MEET WITH TRADE UNIONS, INDEPENDENCE PARTIES AND ANTI IMPERIALIST FIGHTERS. HE POINTED OUT THAT QUOTE WE HAVE ONE ENEMY--U S IMPERIALISM UNQUOTE. IN CLOSING HE STATED HE WOULD BE WILLING TO HAVE A PRESS CONFERENCE AT A LATER DATE.

PHOTOS, FILMS AND TAPES OF INTERVIEW WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE TO SJO BY [REDACTED]. PORTIONS OF ABOVE MENTIONED INTERVIEW HAVE ALREADY BEEN BROADCAST BY [REDACTED] ACCORDING TO [REDACTED] ABOVE INTERVIEW WILL RECEIVE NATIONWIDE NEWS COVERAGE AND WILL APPEAR ON LOCAL TV STATIONS THIS PM. LOCAL NEWSPAPERS TO CARRY FRONT PAGE COVERAGE ON MONDAY JANUARY EIGHTEEN NEXT.

SJO'S IMPLEMANTAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE MEASURE APPEARS TO HAVE BEEN EXTREMELY SUCESSFUL IN THAT [REDACTED] UPON CONFRONTATION WITH NEWS MEDIA WAS SURPRISED AND ANNOYED. THE FULL EFFECTS OF THE COUNTERINTELLIGENCE MEASURE WILL NOT BE REALIZED UNTIL SOURCES ARE CONTACTED.

SJO INDICES RE [REDACTED] SHOW SJ FILE ONE FORTY DASH SEVEN THREE FIVE, POSSIBLY IDENT. SJO INDICES NEGATIVE RE [REDACTED] AND [REDACTED]. SJO TO MAINTAIN CONTACT WITH APPROPRIATE SOURCES. LHM FOLLOWS.

END

DEB WA DC FBI 0220 HOLD

F B I

Date: 1/26/71

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (64-200-48)

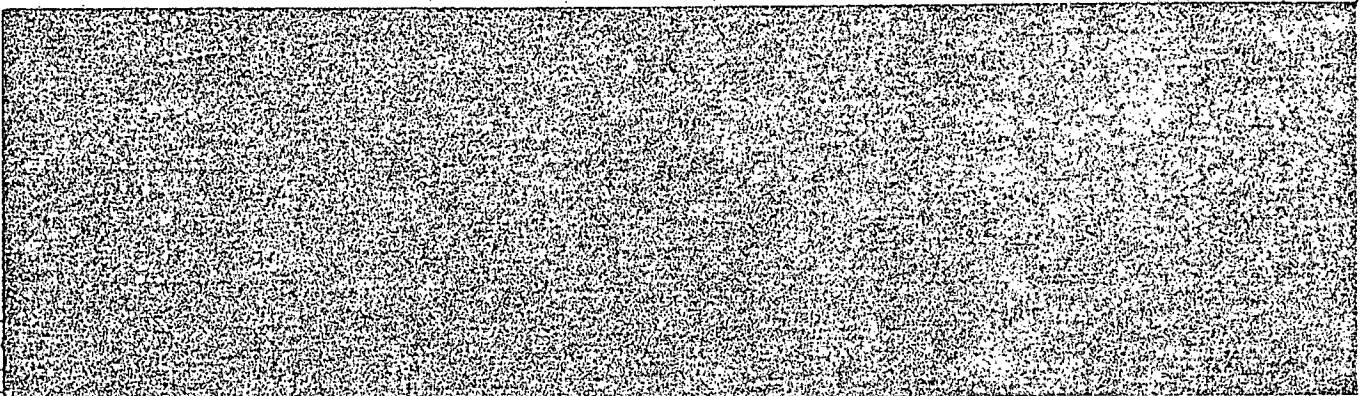
APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF Bld  
DATE 1 22 71

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT: CP OF PUERTO RICO  
IS-C

*Informants in PCP*

EXTREME CAUTION MUST BE EXERCISED WITH RESPECT TO DISSEMINATION OF THE INFORMATION HEREIN INASMUCH AS, BY ITS NATURE, SAID INFORMATION TENDS TO IDENTIFY A VALUABLE INFORMANT, AS THE SOURCE. UNLESS THIS INFORMATION IS OBTAINED FROM A SOURCE OTHER THAN [REDACTED] IT SHOULD NOT BE INCLUDED -- EVEN IN PARAPHRASED FORM -- IN THE INVESTIGATIVE SECTION OF A REPORT.



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NOT RECORDED  
180 FEB 2 1971

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
- 1 - Miami (134-(M41070) (RM)
- 1 - San Antonio (100-7232) [REDACTED] (RM)
- 2 - San Juan (100-20) (CP OF PUERTO RICO)  
(1 - 100- [REDACTED])
- 1 - Chicago (134-46) [REDACTED] (c)
- 1 - New York (100-84994) [REDACTED] (44)
- 1 - New York (100-6562) (CP OF PUERTO RICO) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-16021) [REDACTED] (44)
- 1 - New York (100-102557) [REDACTED] (44)
- 1 - New York (66-6989) [REDACTED] (c)
- 1 - New York

JAN 27 1971

*Paterson*

*NAT...*

Approved: ACB:trr (14)  
Special Agent in Charge

Classified by 6096  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite Per \_\_\_\_\_

*2-28-75*

ORIGINAL FILED IN

FBI

Date: 1/25/71

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

(Priority)

*Informants  
PCP*

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (61-8077)

FROM: SAC, SAN JUAN (3-11)

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]  
IS - C  
(OO: NEW YORK)

Re San Juan teletype to Bureau dated 1/21/71.

The following 22 items are enclosed for New York relating to [REDACTED]'s visit to San Juan, Puerto Rico, on 1/16/71:

- 1) 335 feet of 16mm black and white film confidentially furnished by [REDACTED]
- 2 & 3) Two color film clips of [REDACTED] arrival confidentially furnished by [REDACTED]
- 4) Tape recording of [REDACTED] interview on 1/16/71 at San Juan Airport confidentially furnished by [REDACTED]
- 5) 18 various photographs of [REDACTED] and his bodyguard, [REDACTED] taken on 1/16/71 furnished by [REDACTED]

- 4 - Bureau (61-8077)
- ② - 100-3) (CP, USA)
- 4 - New York (100-81994) (Enc. 22)
- 2 - 100-129802) (CP, USA)
- 5 - San Juan
- 2 - 100-678) (CP, USA)
- 1 - 105-3353 Sub I) (COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)

105-43124-

NOT RECORDED  
49 FEB 1 1971  
COMM-FBI

10/100  
113)

61-8077-5612

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

62 FEB 9 1971



SJ 3-11

All the items enclosed for New York are for permanent FBI retention. The above mentioned enclosures are being submitted to the OO for their review and whatever action they deem appropriate.

San Juan Office is preparing a communication suitable for dissemination reporting specifics of [REDACTED]'s visit to San Juan.

# Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 1/29/71

FROM : SAC, SAN JUAN

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST PARTY - USA  
IS - C  
Bufile: 100-369  
San Juan file: 100-678

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR  
PUERTO RICO  
COUNTER INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM  
IS - PRN  
Bufile: 105-93124  
San Juan file: 105-3353 S.I

*Gas Hall*

Re Bulet to San Juan dated 11/30/70.

On 1/16/71, [redacted] Com-  
munist Party - USA, arrived at the San Juan International  
Airport, with his bodyguard, [redacted]. As [redacted] alighted  
from the plane, he was confronted by news media representa-  
tives from WHOA Radio, WAPA-TV, "El Mundo" newspaper, "El  
Imparcial" newspaper, and Vigie Newsreel. [redacted] initially  
appeared surprised and stunned at the press coverage of his  
arrival. He was interviewed by the aforementioned news media  
representatives for approximately 15 minutes, as he walked  
through the airport. As a result of this press coverage of  
[redacted]'s arrival in Puerto Rico, the following publicity was  
obtained:

WAPA-TV - Film clip of [redacted]'s arrival and inter-  
view appeared on the 11:00 P.M. news on 1/16/71.

WHOA Radio - On 1/16/71, starting at 6:20 P.M.  
portions of [redacted]'s interview were broadcasted every hour,  
until mid-day on 1/17/71.

- 4 - Bureau (RM)
  - (2 - 100-369) (COMMUNIST PARTY - USA)
  - (2 - 105-93124) ((GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR P.R.))
- 2 - New York (RM)
  - (1 - 100-849994) [redacted] 105-121-...
  - (1 - 100-129802) (COUNTER INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)
- 5 - San Juan
  - (2 - 105-3353 S.I) (COUNTER INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)
  - (2 - 100-678) (COMMUNIST PARTY - USA)
  - (1 - 100-20) (PCP)
  - (1 - 3-1) [redacted]

200 FEB 6 1971

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-3-81-10044

SJ-100-578

SJ 105-3353 Sub. I

"El Mundo" newspaper - [redacted]'s photo and interview appeared on the front page of the 1/17/71 edition and additional photos and excerpts appeared on the newspaper on 1/18/71.

"El Imparcial" newspaper - [redacted]'s photograph and interview appeared on the front page in the 1/17/71 edition, and additional photos and excerpts from this interview appeared in the 1/18/71 edition.

Vigie Newsreel - The film clip of [redacted]'s arrival and interview scheduled to appear in movie theaters throughout Puerto Rico from 1/23/71 to 2/15/71.

On 1/25/71, [redacted] advised that

[redacted]

[redacted] was not arrested during this demonstration, and was observed by Bureau Agents shaking hands with JUAN MARI BRAS, who also participated in the demonstration.) [redacted] was named in a Federal Court Cease and Desist Order handed down by Federal District Judge JOSE VICTOR TOLEDO, ordering demonstrators to leave the Navy firing area.

Before leaving Puerto Rico, [redacted] also gave a press conference which was attended by members of all the news media.

100-678  
105-3353 Sub 1

On 1/25/71, [redacted] advised that [redacted] departed San Juan that day for New York cutting short his visit to Puerto Rico by two days. According to [redacted] [redacted] left Puerto Rico earlier than [redacted] because [redacted]

The aforementioned publicity was a counter intelligence plan of the San Juan Office in an effort to disrupt the visit of [redacted] to Puerto Rico, which plan was designed to thwart or prevent an alliance or points of agreement between communist elements in the United States and those elements seeking Puerto Rican independence by forceful means.

It is felt by the San Juan Office that this counter intelligence plan was extremely successful in that, due to the publicity afforded [redacted] arrival and stay in Puerto Rico, numerous scheduled meetings with Puerto Rican independence leaders were cancelled and [redacted] was unable to clandestinely meet and cement alliances with Puerto Rican independence elements.

F B I

Date: FEB 9 1971

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (61-8077)

FROM: SAC, SAN JUAN (3-11) (P)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES

ADVISED BY ROUTING

SLIP(S) OF File

DATE 2-22-77

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
13-0  
(00:NY)

Re San Juan teletype to the Bureau, 1/16/71,  
entitled CP, USA (Bufile 100-3-69); San Juan letter to

- 6-Bureau (61-8077) (Enc. 11) (RM)
  - (1- 100-223496) ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
  - (1- 100-3) (CP, USA)
  - (1- 105-93124) (GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR P.R.)
  - (1- 105-75715) (MPIPR)
- 5-New York (100-84994) (Enc. 5) (RM)
  - (1- 100-123538) ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
  - (1- 100-129502) (GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR P.R.)
  - (1- 100-80641) (CP, USA)
- 2-Miami (100-12009) (Enc. 2) (RM)
- 14-San Juan (3-11)
  - (1- 100-3675) ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
  - (1- 100-3999) ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
  - (1- 100-5260) ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
  - (1- 105-6678) ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
  - (1- 100-401) ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
  - (1- 100-5804) ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
  - (1- 100-4785) (JOAN MARI BRAS)
  - (1- 105-3401) (MPIPR)
  - (1- 100-3) (NPPR)
  - (1- 100-4014) (PIP)
  - (1- 100-678) (CP, USA)
  - (1- 105-3353 Sub I) (GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR P.R.)

ORIGINAL FILED IN 61-8077-3056

NOT RECORDED  
MAR 21 1971

RFC:mtr  
(27)

ENCLOSURE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
Classified by 600 YRP MAY 6 1971  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

CARBON COPY

Approved: 57 MAR 17 1971  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

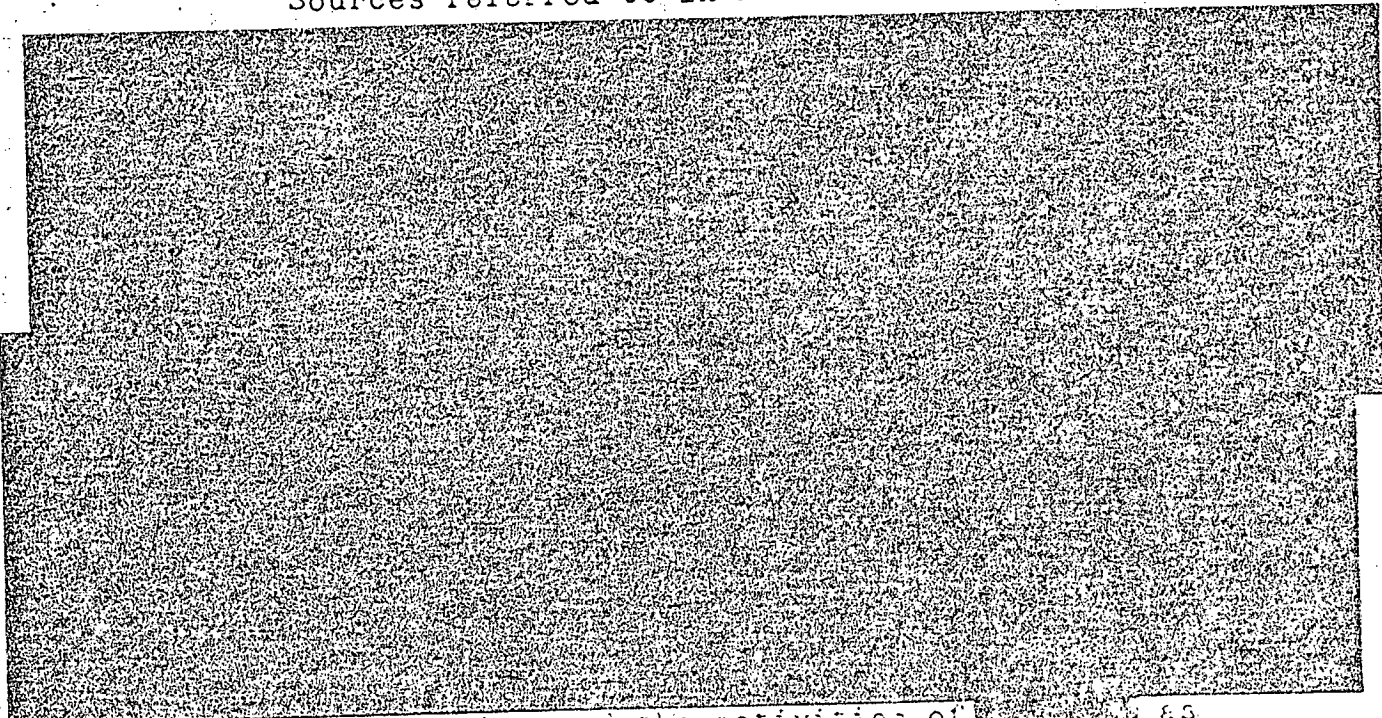
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

the Bureau, 1/29/71, also entitled CP, USA; San Juan airtel to the Bureau, 1/21/71; San Juan teletype to the Bureau, 1/21/71; San Juan teletype to the Bureau, 1/23/71; San Juan airtel to the Bureau, 1/28/71; Bureau airtel to San Juan, 1/25/71. (u)

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above. Enclosed for New York are 5 copies and for Miami 2 copies of the same communication. (u)

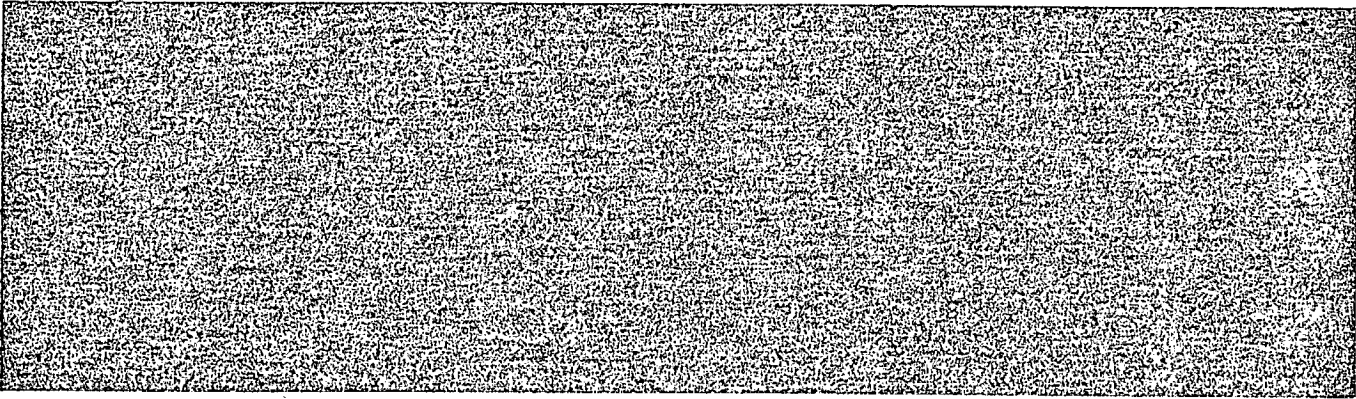
Local dissemination is being made to 771st Military Intelligence Detachment; U.S. Secret Service; Naval Investigative Service Office; and Office of Special Investigations, Ramey Air Force Base. (u)

Sources referred to in LHM are:



bureau agents who observed the activities of [redacted] 83 mentioned in LHM. (u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



The LHM is classified "Confidential" as it contains information from SJ T-1 through SJ T-6, the unauthorized disclosure of which could reasonably be expected to expose sources which would not be in the best interest of the United States.

LEAD:

SAN JUAN

AT SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO

Recontact [redacted] and [redacted] regarding any additional information they might have developed concerning [redacted] activities while in Puerto Rico. (u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
San Juan, Puerto Rico

FEB 9 1971

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.~~CONFIDENTIAL~~~~CONFIDENTIAL~~*Jas Hall*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ S.I. advised that ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ (CP-USA), would be arriving in San Juan on January 16, 1971. On January 15, 1971, SJ T-1 advised that Hall would be arriving San Juan International Airport aboard Eastern Airlines (EAL) flight scheduled to arrive at 4:30 p.m. (u)

On January 16, 1971, representatives of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) observed the following: (u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ disembarked from EAL flight #967, which had arrived at San Juan International Airport, San Juan, Puerto Rico, from Newark, New Jersey on this date at approximately 4:30 p.m. ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ was confronted by numerous representatives of the Puerto Rican news media specifically from WAPA Television, WHOA Radio, El Mando and El Imparcial newspapers, both Spanish language newspapers published daily in San Juan, Puerto Rico. ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~'s suitcase bore a sticker which read, "Free Angela". (u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
Group I

Excluded from automatic downgrading  
and declassification.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The following persons were observed greeting Hall at the Airport:

[REDACTED] - CP-USA, Miami

[REDACTED] - Partido Comunista Puertorriqueno  
(Communist Party of Puerto Rico) (PCP) Secretary  
General

[REDACTED] PCP Secretary of Finance and  
Feminine Affairs

[REDACTED] PCP member

[REDACTED] - PCP member

(u)

A characterization of the  
PCP appears in the appendix.

(u)

On January 16, 1971, SJ T-2 advised the following  
summation of what [REDACTED] stated in interview at the  
Airport to the Puerto Rican news media: (u)

He was in Puerto Rico to get acquainted with all  
anti-imperialist fighters and that he, himself, was for the  
independence of Puerto Rico. He expected to visit Russia  
in March, 1971 to attend the Communist Party Congress. He  
mentioned he would be glad to meet with trade unions,  
independence parties and any anti-imperialist fighter. He  
stated, "We have one enemy, U.S. imperialism." He considered  
the recent Culebra solution a victory and stated that the  
U.S. Navy has no business on the Island of Culebra. He  
remarked that the CP-USA has between 15,000 and 16,000  
dues-paying members with the general membership being approx-  
imately 100,000. He characterized the Nixon administration  
as being reactionary, racist and pro-war. (u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The island of Culebra is located northeast of Puerto Rico and extends for approximately 21 square miles. Executive Order 8684, dated February 14, 1941, designated Culebra and adjacent waters as Naval Defensive Areas and Naval Air Space Reservations. In 1963, the Atlantic Fleet Weapons Range was established in Culebra. The range represents one of the largest controllable sea and land spaces available for conducting large scale fleet exercises. The inner-range area includes the islands of Culebra and Vieques, Puerto Rico. (u)

On January 18, 1971, SJ T-1 advised that on January 17, 1971, a general membership meeting of the PCP took place at the home of Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (Puerto Rican Independence Movement) (MPIPR) member and PCP sympathizer, [REDACTED]. Numerous persons were in attendance, including [REDACTED]. (u)

[REDACTED] - CP, USA, New York  
[REDACTED] - CP, USA, New York  
[REDACTED] - CP, USA, Miami  
[REDACTED] - MPIPR  
[REDACTED] - MPIPR  
and numerous other PCP members (u)

[REDACTED]

A characterization of the MPIPR appears in the appendix.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

On January 21, 1971, representatives of the FBI observed the following: (u)

[REDACTED] were participating in an anti-Culebra demonstration sponsored by the Partido Independentista Puertorriqueno (Independence Party of Puerto Rico) (PIP), which was taking place in front of the Post Office Building, Old San Juan, Puerto Rico. [REDACTED] was observed to shake hands with Juan Mari Bras, self-admitted Secretary General of the MPIPR, who was also participating in the above demonstration. [REDACTED] both PCP officers, were also participating. (u)

A characterization of the PIP appears in the appendix. (u)

On January 21, 1971, U.S. District Judge Jose Toledo, San Juan, Puerto Rico, advised that [REDACTED] was included in an injunction issued by him on January 20, 1971 which ordered certain PIP members from interfering with Operation Springboard being conducted by the U.S. Navy on the island of Culebra. Judge Toledo pointed out that certain PIP members were interfering by occupying ground within the Navy firing range in Culebra. (u)

[REDACTED] (c)

On January 21, 1971, representatives of the FBI observed the aforementioned demonstration and no arrests were made. (u)

[REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] (c)

On January 22, 1971, SJ T-4 advised that on this date [REDACTED] PCP Secretary General, advised that [REDACTED] would hold a press conference on this date at the Santa Rosa Restaurant, 1300 Torres de la Vega Street, Stop 16, Santurce, Puerto Rico, which restaurant is owned by [REDACTED] long time Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR) member. (u)

The NPPR has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450. (u)

On January 23, 1971, [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED] departed San Juan International Airport at approximately 7:00 a.m., aboard Pan American Airlines (PAA) flight destined for New York. (u)

[REDACTED] advised that on January 22, 1971, a PCP general membership meeting took place in Room 810, Howard Johnson's Hotel, Condado, Santurce, Puerto Rico. [REDACTED] advised that the following persons were in attendance at this meeting: (u)

[REDACTED]

and numerous other PCP members (u)

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

During his meeting, the operation of the Kentrome Press was discussed. [REDACTED] indicated that he wanted the Kentrome Press to continue to do business and that he would help financially to support it rather than let it face bankruptcy. [REDACTED] mentioned that he would attempt to obtain a sufficient amount of money in New York in order to pay the loans off that the Kentrome Press had negotiated in the past. (u)

The Kentrome Press is the official print shop of the PCP. (u)

Another topic discussed in the aforementioned meeting was the fact that [REDACTED] desired that [REDACTED] of the PCP, initiate some type of activity which would gain publicity and support for Angela Davis. (u)

On January 25, 1971, SJ T-1 advised that on January 25, 1971, [REDACTED] departed San Juan via PAA for New York. SJ T-1 stated that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

(u)

CONFIDENTIAL

[REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED], the President of the Sindicato Obrero Insular (Insular Workers Syndicate) (SOI), he, [REDACTED] met with [REDACTED] in [REDACTED] room in the Excelsior Hotel, Condado, Santurce, Puerto Rico. Source opined that this meeting took place on January 21 or 22, 1971. Source could furnish no details concerning this meeting. (u)

[REDACTED] was a member of the Central Committee of the PCP from September, 1950, to July, 1953, at which time he was expelled from the PCP for violating party discipline and factionalism. Although not a PCP member, he describes himself as a Marxist-Leninist and maintains friendly relations with the PCP. (u)

The SOI is an independent Puerto Rican Labor Union [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] (u)

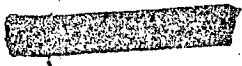
On January 29, 1971, SJ T-6 advised that [REDACTED], in interview by Puerto Rican news media representatives on January 22, 1971, made the following comments which are set forth below in summary: (u)

U.S. imperialism has made Puerto Rico a major nuclear target since Puerto Rico has not been included in the nuclear free zone. (u)

The U.S. decision to withdraw from the United Nations' Commission on colonialism indicates that the United States decided to do this because the Puerto Rican independence question was to be presented before the Commission. Hall mentioned that he would be raising the priority for Puerto Rican independence throughout the communist parties of the world. (u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



He was disposed to promote a movement to free political prisoners in the United States including the 12 imprisoned members of the NPPR. (u)

He stated that the CP-USA has again become the dominant political force on the radical left. (u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MEMORANDUM

CONFIDENTIAL  
OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL DEFENSE

On September 23, 1934, by JUAN SANTOS RIVERA, Secretary General of the Communist Party of Puerto Rico, issue of "Puerto Rico, Yesterday, Today, and Tomorrow", stated that the Communist Party of Puerto Rico was founded in Ponce, Puerto Rico, on September 23, 1934.

A source advised in November, 1963, that JUAN SANTOS RIVERA was changing the name of the PCP and the new name would be Partido Libre Liberador (POL). In May, 1964, RIVERA publicly stated that the POL was the new name of the Communist Party of Puerto Rico.

On September 12, 1966, a second source advised that on November 1, 1963, RIVERA called a special meeting of the POL at which meeting the name of the POL was changed to the original PCP.

The second source advised on September 12, 1966, that a document has recently been received by the PCP, San Juan, from the Communist Party in Prague, Czechoslovakia, to the effect that Puerto Rico is recognized as a nation and that, therefore, the PCP is a party in its own right and not a district organization of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA). This source stated that although the PCP is not a district of the CPUSA, it is based on the Marxist-Leninist principles as the CPUSA.

A third source has advised that the PCP received \$5,000 on April 21, 1969, and \$2,000 on May 2, 1969, from the CPUSA to assist in the purchase of a printing shop in Puerto Rico. This same source advised that a two man PCP delegation was in attendance at the CPUSA National Convention held in New York City April 30, 1969, through May 4, 1969. As a result of this participation a new liaison was established between these two parties.

This third source advised that FELIX OJEDA, PCP Secretary for Propaganda, returned from the Soviet Union in August, 1970, where he attended the International Conference of Communist Parties. Source also reported that JUAN SANTOS RIVERA and PCP Committee member, JUAN BAUTISTA PEREZ, left Puerto Rico in August, 1970, for the Soviet Union to attend the Lenin Centennial celebration.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Juan, Puerto Rico

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

FEB 9 1971

Title

[REDACTED]

Character INTERNAL SECURITY-COMMUNIST

Reference FBI San Juan communication dated  
and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities  
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable  
information in the past.

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan

Mr. C. D. Brennan

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

February 12, 1971

1 - Mr. [REDACTED]  
(Attn: Mr. [REDACTED])  
1 - Mr. [REDACTED]  
1 - Mr. [REDACTED]

INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

**PURPOSE:** To advise of positive results of counterintelligence action taken during subject's recent trip to Puerto Rico. (u)

**BACKGROUND:** On 1/11/71, it was learned that [REDACTED] Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), was to visit Puerto Rico 1/16/71. He planned a series of meetings with leaders of the Communist Party of Puerto Rico and leaders of subversive groups seeking independence for Puerto Rico. [REDACTED] intention was to arrive without fanfare, and conduct no public meetings but meet in private with these leaders. The main reason for his visit was to institute cooperative action between the Communist Party of Puerto Rico and the subversive Puerto Rican nationalist groups. (u)

With the Director's approval, information regarding [REDACTED] arrival was given [REDACTED] when [REDACTED] alighted from his plane, he was met by a host of radio, television, and newspaper reporters and appeared stunned by the coverage.

[REDACTED]

OBSERVATION: [REDACTED]

61-8077

(1) - 105-93124 (Groups Seeking Independence for Puerto Rico - Counterintelligence Program; IS - PRN)

NOT RECORDED  
145 FEB 22 1971

RCP:mkl

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Classified by 6080 JWA MAY 6 1977  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

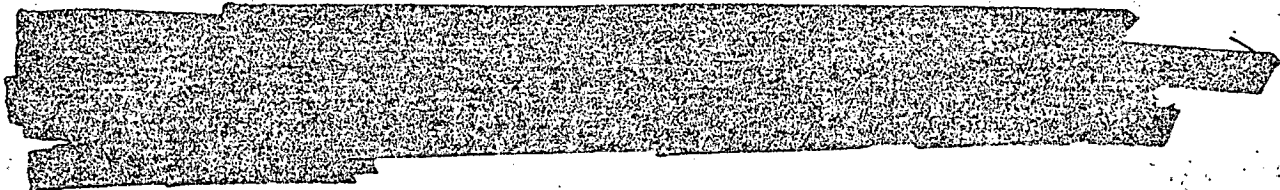
CONTINUED - OVER

56 JAN 23 1971

ORIGINAL FILED IN 61-8077-3051

Memorandum to Mr. C. D. Brennan  
Re: Gus Hall  
61-8077

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



ACTION: For information.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1 - Mr. [redacted]  
1 - Mr. [redacted]  
1 - Mr. [redacted]  
2/26/71

SAC, San Juan (105-3353sub1)

Director, FBI (105-93124)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO  
COUNTERINTELLIGENCE  
IS - PRN

[redacted]  
[handwritten initials]

Enclosed for San Juan are pages M-2 and M-3 of the 2/13/71 issue of "People's World," a West Coast communist newspaper.

Juan Mari Bras / Gene Hall

These pages show [redacted]'s version of the results of his trip to San Juan. On page M-2 is included photograph depicting [redacted] together with [redacted]. It would appear that, if this photograph could be superimposed on a suitable cartoon such as that utilized in the past (see your letter 11/14/68 and Bulet 12/17/68 both entitled as in caption), much value could accrue to the Bureau. It is noted Puerto Ricans have historically disclaimed communism and that the Communist Party of Puerto Rico is still regarded with distrust and suspicion among even the most staunch advocates of Puerto Rican independence.

MAILED 3  
FEB 26 1971  
COMM-FBI

Accordingly, you should give prompt consideration to this and other possible counterintelligence moves directed against [redacted] in light of current situation as seen by your office. Submit your comments and recommendations for Bureau consideration, utilizing above caption. The FBI Laboratory would be able to assist your office in superimposing enclosed photograph on a proposed cartoon.

REC-71 105-93124-078

Enclosures - 2

SSM:dlw  
(6)  
NOTE:

MAR 3 1971

Enclosed pages of "People's World" show results of trip to Puerto Rico by [redacted], according to [redacted]. We know that, because of publicity [redacted] received in Puerto Rico, the majority of his planned meetings were canceled [redacted]

He also departed Puerto Rico two days earlier than planned because he was constantly recognized as a result of publicity afforded him which was the direct result of counterintelligence move against him.

F181  
MAIL ROOM  TELETYPE UNIT

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

Director  
Asst. Dir.:  
Adm. Serv.  
Crim. Inv.  
Ident.  
Intell.  
Lab.  
Legal Coun.  
Plan. & Insp.  
Rec. Mgmt.  
Tech. Serv.  
Training

[handwritten initials]

Letter to San Juan

Re: Groups Seeking Independence for Puerto Rico  
105-93124

NOTE CONTINUED:

In order to proceed logically and to continue pressure on subversive groups in Puerto Rico, it is felt we should take advantage of [redacted] visit to Puerto Rico and show his relationship with [redacted]. It is felt that, if sufficient publicity were given to this relationship, it would have adverse effects on groups led by [redacted], the Puerto Rican Independence Movement (MPIR) and the Communist Party of Puerto Rico (PCP), respectively.

1 - Mr. [redacted]  
1 - Mr. [redacted]

SAC, San Juan (105-3353sub1)

3/12/71

Director, FBI (105-93124)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO  
COUNTERINTELLIGENCE  
IS - PRN

ReBulet 2/26/71.

ReBulet suggested counterintelligence ploy against Juan Mari Bras, Secretary General of the Puerto Rican Independence Movement (MPIPR).

Enclosed for your office is single copy of 3/8/71 edition of the "Bulletin," publication of the "Workers League." See page 51 of SAC Letter 70-62 dated 11/3/70 captioned "Characterization of Subversive, Racial, Klan, White Hate, and Militant Black Organizations, IS-C" for characterization of "Workers League."

On page 9 of enclosure is article entitled "MPI Forms Alliance with Stalinists." This article should be perused by your office for possible material for use in counterintelligence ploy against Mari

EX-104 REC-81 105-93124-279

As instructed by reBulet, you should submit your comments and recommendations for Bureau consideration.

Enclosure

MAR 12 1971

SSM:dlw (5)

NOTE:

Following recent trip of [redacted], Secretary General of CPUSA, to Puerto Rico, we suggested to San Juan by relet that they consider utilizing photograph showing [redacted] Secretary General of the Communist Party of Puerto Rico, in cartoon showing their "marriage."

Article in "Bulletin" takes the MPIPR to task for its alliance with "Stalinists" and could add strength to our counter-intelligence ploy. The "Workers League" is composed of individuals expelled from the Socialists Workers Party which has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

- \_\_\_\_\_ Tolson
- \_\_\_\_\_ DeLoach
- \_\_\_\_\_ Mohr
- \_\_\_\_\_ Bishop
- \_\_\_\_\_ Casper
- \_\_\_\_\_ Callahan
- \_\_\_\_\_ Conrad
- \_\_\_\_\_ Dalbey
- \_\_\_\_\_ Evans
- \_\_\_\_\_ Gale
- \_\_\_\_\_ Rosen
- \_\_\_\_\_ Sullivan
- \_\_\_\_\_ Tavel
- \_\_\_\_\_ Trotter
- \_\_\_\_\_ Tele. Room
- \_\_\_\_\_ Holmes
- \_\_\_\_\_ Gandy

373  
69 MAR 22 1971

MAIL ROOM  TELETYPE UNIT

FBI

Date: 3/17/71

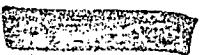
Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via \_\_\_\_\_

AIRTEL

(Priority)

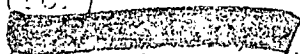
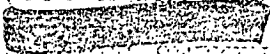



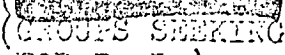

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (61-8077)  
 FROM: SAC, SAN JUAN (3-11) (RUC)  
 SUBJECT:   
 CC: NY

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
 AND FIELD OFFICES  
 ADVISED BY ROUTING  
 SLIP(S) OF Bill  
 DATE 5-22-77

~~CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL ATTACHED~~

Re San Juan airtel to the Bureau dated 2/19/71, and Miami airtels to the Bureau dated 2/2/71 and 3/1/71.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 17 copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above. Enclosed for New York are 7 copies and for Miami two copies of the same communication.

- ③ - Bureau (61-8077) (Enc. 17) (RM)
  - (2 - 61-8077) (GUS HALL)
  - (1 - 100-3) (CP, USA)
  - (1 - 105-93124) (GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR P.R.)
  - (1 - 105-75715) (MPIPR)
  - (1 - 61-200-48) (POF)
  - (1 - 100-223495) 
  - (1 - 105-292) (JUAN MARI BRAS)
- 2 - Miami (100-12009) (GUS HALL) (Enc. 2) (RM)
- 7 - New York
  - (2 - 100-84994) (GUS HALL) (Enc. 7) (RM)
  - (1 - 100-123536) 
  - (1 - 100-129302) (GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR P.R.)
  - (1 - 100-80341) (CP, USA)
  - (1 - 105-39139) (MPIPR)
  - (1 - 105-3002) (JUAN MARI BRAS)
- 15 - San Juan
  - (2 - 3-11) (GUS HALL)
  - (1 - 100-3675) 
  - (1 - 100-3999) 
  - (1 - 100-5260) 
  - (1 - 100-4785) (JUAN MARI BRAS)
  - (1 - 105-3924) 
  - (1 - 105-3353) (GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR P.R.)
  - (1 - 105-3827) 

Classified by 6087  
 Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
 Date of Declassification Indefinite

105-123536

MAR 22 1971

TRIPON COPY

APR 1 1971

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

SJ 3-11

Local dissemination is being made to 771st Military Intelligence Detachment; U. S. Secret Service; Naval Investigative Office; and Office of Special Investigations, Ramsey Air Force Base.

SJ T-1 is [REDACTED]

The LHM is classified "Confidential" as it contains information from SJ T-1, the unauthorized disclosure of which could reasonably be expected to expose source which would not be in the interest of the United States.

Dissemination of the information contained in the LHM is being made at this time since it has been determined that the dissemination would not jeopardize SJ T-1, a continuing source of information.

SJO has conducted all logical investigation and considers captioned case RUC.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Juan, Puerto Rico

March 17, 1971

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

On January 28, 1971, SJ T-1 furnished the  
attached communique

(u)

Characterizations of the MPIP and  
PCP appear in the appendix.

(u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Group I  
Excluded from automatic downgrading  
and declassification.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions  
of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to  
your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed  
outside your agency.

107-10-1-

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL  
COMMUNIST PARTY OF PUERTO RICO

Source advised in November, 1963, that JUAN SANTOS RIVERA, Secretary General of the Communist Party of Puerto Rico, in an issue of "Puerto Rico, Ayer, Hoy, and Tomorrow" stated that the Communist Party of Puerto Rico was founded in Peace, Puerto Rico, on September 23, 1954.

Source advised in November, 1963, that JUAN SANTOS RIVERA, Secretary General of the Communist Party of Puerto Rico, in an issue of "Puerto Rico, Ayer, Hoy, and Tomorrow" stated that the Communist Party of Puerto Rico was founded in Peace, Puerto Rico, on September 23, 1954. In May, 1964, RIVERA publicly announced that the PCL was the new name of the Communist Party of Puerto Rico.

On September 12, 1966, a second source advised that on September 12, 1966, RIVERA called a special meeting of the PCL at which time the name of the PCL was changed to the original PCP.

The second source advised on September 12, 1966, that a letterhead had recently been received by the PCP, San Juan, from the Communist Party in Prague, Czechoslovakia, to the effect that Puerto Rico is recognized as a nation and that, therefore, the PCP is a Communist Party in its own right and not a district organization of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA). This source stated that although the PCP is not a district of the CPUSA, it is based on the same Marxist-Leninist principles as the CPUSA.

A third source has advised that the PCP received \$1,000 on February 21, 1969, and \$2,000 on May 2, 1969, from the CPUSA to assist in the purchase of a printing shop in Puerto Rico. This same source advised that a two man PCP delegation was in attendance at the CPUSA National Convention held in New York City April 30, 1969, through May 4, 1969. As a result of this participation a new liaison was established between these two parties.

This third source advised that FELIX GONZALEZ, PCP Secretary of Propaganda, returned from the Soviet Union in August, 1970, where he attended the International Conference of Communist Parties. Source also reported that JUAN SANTOS RIVERA and PCP Central Committee member, JUAN BAUTISTA PEREZ, left Puerto Rico in August, 1970, for the Soviet Union to attend the Lenin Centennial celebration.

[REDACTED]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. J.P. Mohr
- 1 - Mr. Bishop

- Tolson \_\_\_\_\_
- Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_
- Mohr \_\_\_\_\_
- Bishop \_\_\_\_\_
- DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_
- Casper \_\_\_\_\_
- Callahan \_\_\_\_\_
- Conrad \_\_\_\_\_
- Dalbey \_\_\_\_\_
- Felt \_\_\_\_\_
- Gale \_\_\_\_\_
- Rosen \_\_\_\_\_
- Tavel \_\_\_\_\_
- Walters \_\_\_\_\_
- Soyars \_\_\_\_\_
- Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_
- Holmes \_\_\_\_\_
- Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : Mr. C. D. Brennan

DATE: 4/7/71

FROM : [REDACTED]

- 1 - Mr. C.D. Brennan
- 1 - Mr. [REDACTED]
- 1 - Mr. [REDACTED]
- 1 - Mr. [REDACTED]

SUBJECT: GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE  
FOR PUERTO RICO  
COUNTERINTELLIGENCE  
INTERNAL SECURITY - PUERTO RICAN NATIONALIST

*Gas Hall*

*5/11/71  
AM*

Memorandum recommends approval of San Juan Office's proposed counterintelligence ploy directed against the Puerto Rican Independence Movement (MPIPR), the Communist Party of Puerto Rico (PCP) and the CPUSA. The MPIPR is the largest and most dangerous of the militant proindependence groups. Letter is attached for transmittal to San Juan.

[REDACTED] Secretary General of the CPUSA, traveled to Puerto Rico during January, 1971, where he planned meeting with leaders of the PCP and with leaders of the MPIPR. He planned, through these meetings, to institute cooperative action among the CPUSA and these groups. With the Director's approval, we provided [REDACTED] in view of the publicity generated [REDACTED] canceled the majority of his meetings and left Puerto Rico two days early since he could not conduct his business in privacy.

Since these meetings, [REDACTED] has had a "Communique of Solidarity" published in the "Daily World," an East Coast communist newspaper, together with a photo depicting him, [REDACTED] Secretary General of the PCP, and Juan Mari Bras, Secretary General of the MPIPR. Neither the PCP nor the MPIPR has seen fit to publish either the photo or the article.

Historically, Puerto Ricans have shunned the communist party and, in view of the increased acts of terrorism generated by independentist groups, the majority of the Puerto Ricans are seemingly shunning the independentists also.

SI-113

66

In order to continue our pressure on subversive groups in Puerto Rico, San Juan has proposed we release the text of [REDACTED] "Communique of Solidarity" to [REDACTED]

San Juan feels and we concur

105-93124  
56 APR 21 1971 - 240-4-9-71  
SSM:dlw (8)  
F-235

CONTINUED - OVER

105-93124  
5-AM

Memo W.R. Wannall to C.D. Brennan  
Re: Groups Seeking Independence  
For Puerto Rico  
Counterintelligence

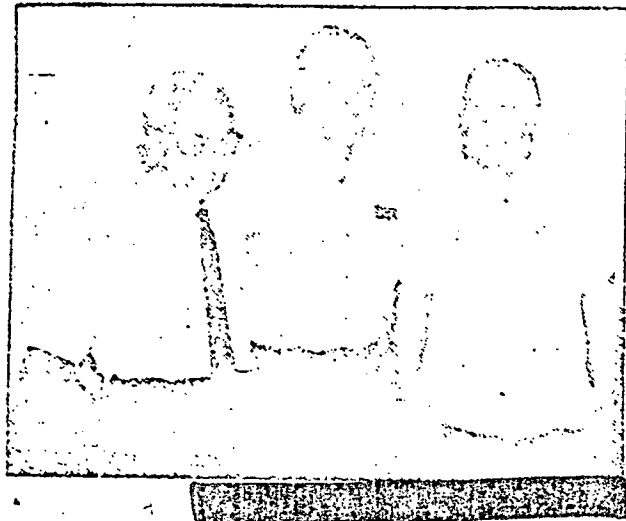
that reprinting of "Communique of Solidarity," which shows friendly relationship among the CPUSA, the PCP and the MPIPR, could destroy any aura of respectability that the above groups may have with the Puerto Rican populace. Additionally, the reprinting of this article would make this relationship known to the Puerto Ricans since the PCP and the MPIPR have not published same.

ACTION:

That attached letter approving the mailing of the above-mentioned "Communique of Solidarity" to "El Mundo" be sent.

A Xerox copy of "Communique of Solidarity" is attached for your information.

*Handwritten notes and signatures:*  
- *AM for [unclear]*  
- *checked [unclear]*  
- *AM*  
- *WJL*  
- *✓ [unclear]*  
- *WSS*



*Felix Ojeda, Gus Hall  
Juan Mari Bras*

**Communique  
of  
solidarity**

ENCLOSURE

100-288-288

The conference in San Juan, January 22, between the top leaders of the MPI (El Movimiento Pro-Independencia de Puerto Rico), headed by its general secretary, Juan Mari Bras, the top leaders of the Communist Party of Puerto Rico headed by its general secretary Felix Ojeda, and the U.S. Communist delegation, headed by Gus Hall, issued the following statement:

In the spirit of internationalist anti-imperialism and in an atmosphere of friendship and cordiality a meeting took place in the office of the National Mission of the MPI.

Present were Juan Mari Bras, general secretary of the MPI; Gus Hall, general secretary of the Communist Party, U.S.A.; Felix Ojeda, general secretary, Communist Party of Puerto Rico. Others present were Julio Vives Varquez, Pedro Briges Chapel, Jenaro Rentas, Manuel de J. Gonzalez and Angel Agosto, members of the Political Committee of the MPI; Gertrudis Melendez de Perez, and other members of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Puerto Rico, and Pat Toohey, member of the national committee of the Communist Party, U.S.A.

The talks focused on the struggle for Puerto Rican independence, and for the elimination of U.S. military, economic, and political domination and influence over Puerto Rican life. All parties agreed that Puerto Rico is subjected to a direct, classic form of colonialism by the U.S. imperialists.

The talks included a discussion about the developments in the struggle for national liberation throughout the world. The meeting took note of the new and ominous steps of escalation in Southeast Asia by the Nixon Administration. Because of this, all parties present agreed to intensify and heighten the struggle to end the U.S. aggression in Indochina.

The discussion dealt with the movements and struggles for independence in Puerto Rico, and in the U.S., with the various struggles against imperialism and war; with the struggle for black liberation, and against the special oppression of 1,600,000 Puerto Rican people now in the U.S. The talks took note of the serious nature of the present economic crisis and its severe and damaging effects upon the working people of our two nations.

The meeting developed a number of concrete forms and actions, especially around the following issues:

A. To eliminate the U.S. naval presence and criminal bombardment of the Island of Culebra. We see this struggle as the initial stage in eliminating the presence of U.S. imperialism's military force in Puerto Rico.

B. To heighten the struggle for the freedom of Angela Davis. We see this as a struggle to save the life of a beautiful human being and symbolic of the struggle against racism and all other forms of imperialist ideology. We see it symbolic of the need for unity of all victims of imperialist oppression.

C. To expose the hypocrisy of U.S. imperialism in now proclaiming that Puerto Rico is not included in the Tlatelulco Treaty for Nuclear Free Zone Latin America. This only shows that the grand intentions of U.S. imperialism are to continue economic, military, and political oppression of Puerto Rico; to continue it as a regional military strategic area and to have, in Puerto Rico, nuclear weapon bases from which it can threaten the independence of all nations in our hemisphere.

D. The talks canvassed the meaning of the unprecedented mass militancy of the youth of our two nations. The meeting agreed on special steps that are needed to render assistance and mass support to the hundreds who have been arrested or indicted because of their courageous stand against the U.S. military draft.

E. The meeting took special note of the centrality of the need to promote unity and a fighting, militant fraternal relationship between the workingclass and trade union organizations of our two nations. We seek ways to put an end to the ability of U.S. corporations to use the working class of one nation against their class brothers of the other.

The conference concluded, strengthening the friendship between us in spite of the different views that each party may have about a number of things as symbolic of the future ties and friendship that will grow and deepen between our two peoples: based on an end to U.S. imperialist oppression of Puerto Rico; as neighbors in independence, equality and mutual respect.

San Juan, Puerto Rico  
January 22, 1971

# Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 1/29/71

FROM : SAC, SAN JUAN

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST PARTY - USA  
IS - C  
Bufile: 100-369  
San Juan file: 100-678

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR  
PUERTO RICO  
COUNTER INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM  
IS - PRN  
Bufile: 105-93124  
San Juan file: 105-3353 S.I

*Yes Hall*

Re Bulet to San Juan dated 11/30/70.

On 1/16/71, [REDACTED], Com-  
munist Party - USA, arrived at the San Juan International  
Airport, with his bodyguard, [REDACTED]. As [REDACTED] alighted  
from the plane, he was confronted by news media representa-  
tives from WHOA Radio, WAPA-TV, "El Mundo" newspaper, "El  
Imparcial" newspaper, and Vigie Newsreel. [REDACTED] initially  
appeared surprised and stunned at the press coverage of his  
arrival. He was interviewed by the aforementioned news media  
representatives for approximately 15 minutes, as he walked  
through the airport. As a result of this press coverage of  
[REDACTED]'s arrival in Puerto Rico, the following publicity was  
obtained:

WAPA-TV - Film clip of [REDACTED]'s arrival and inter-  
view appeared on the 11:00 P.M. news on 1/16/71.

WHOA Radio - On 1/16/71, starting at 6:20 P.M.  
portions of [REDACTED]'s interview were broadcasted every hour,  
until mid-day on 1/17/71.

- 4 - Bureau (RM)
  - (2 - 100-369) (COMMUNIST PARTY - USA)
  - (2 - 105-93124) ((GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR P.R.))
- 2 - New York (RM)
  - (1 - 100-849994) [REDACTED] 105-12124
  - (1 - 100-129802) (COUNTER INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)
- 5 - San Juan
  - (2 - 105-3353 S.I) (COUNTER INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM) NOT RECORDED
  - (2 - 100-678) (COMMUNIST PARTY - USA) 200 FEB 5 1971
  - (1 - 100-20) (PCP)
  - (1 - 3-1) [REDACTED]

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-3-81-10894



12

SJ-100-678

SJ 105-3353 Sub. I

"El Mundo" newspaper - [redacted] s photo and interview appeared on the front page of the 1/17/71 edition and additional photos and excerpts appeared on the newspaper on 1/18/71.

"El Imparcial" newspaper - [redacted] s photograph and interview appeared on the front page in the 1/17/71 edition, and additional photos and excerpts from this interview appeared in the 1/18/71 edition.

Viguie Newsreel - The film clip of [redacted] s arrival and interview scheduled to appear in movie theaters throughout Puerto Rico from 1/23/71 to 2/15/71.

On 1/25/71, [redacted] advised that

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted] was not arrested during this demonstration, and was observed by Bureau Agents shaking hands with JUAN MARI BRAS, who also participated in the demonstration.) [redacted] was named in a Federal Court Cease and Desist Order handed down by Federal District Judge JOSE VICTOR TOLEDO, ordering demonstrators to leave the Navy firing area.

Before leaving Puerto Rico, [redacted] also gave a press conference which was attended by members of all the news media.





Director, FBI (105-75715)

2/5/71

SAC, San Juan (105-3401) P

MOVIMIENTO PRO INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO  
(PUERTO RICAN INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MPIPR)  
IS - PRN  
(OO: SJ)

*Encl 1*

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of a LHM dated and captioned as above.

Local dissemination is being made to U.S. Secret Service, San Juan; 771st Military Intelligence Detachment, San Juan; Naval Investigative Service Office, 10th Naval District, San Juan; and Office of Special Investigations, Ramey Air Force Base, Puerto Rico.

Information contained in the LHM was furnished to the Office of Intelligence, Police of Puerto Rico, on 2/4/71.

The article was translated by [redacted] translator, San Juan Office.

- ③ - Bureau (Enclosures - 10) (RM)
- (1 - 105-292)
- 3 - San Juan
- (1 - 100-475)

105-292-

NOT RECORDED  
FEB 10 1971

04 MAY 1971  
1167

ENCLOSURE

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-75715-827



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Juan, Puerto Rico

February 5, 1971

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

MOVIMIENTO PRO INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO  
(PUERTO RICAN INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MPIPR)  
INTERNAL SECURITY - PUERTO RICAN NATIONALIST

A characterization of the  
MPIPR is contained in the  
Appendix.

The January 17, 1971, issue of Claridad contains  
on page three the following translation of an article:

Claridad is the weekly  
Spanish language newspaper  
of the MPIPR.

"CUBAN SOLIDARITY

"Last Monday, January 11, the following cable was  
received at the National Mission of the Independence Movement  
in Rio Piedras, from Havana:

JUAN MARI BRAS  
Secretary General  
Independence Movement of Puerto Rico  
San Juan, Puerto Rico

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions  
of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your  
agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside  
your agency.

ENCLOSURE

105-292-

MPIPR

'Due to the 12th anniversary of the foundation of the Independence Movement, we want to send you, in the name of our revolutionary people and of our Communist Party, a solidarity and fraternal greeting. Once again we want to wish you success in the struggle which you are carrying out against the Yankee colonialist oppression. We are certain that your struggle will obtain the liberty and independence of our brothers, the Puerto Rican people.

'Central Committee  
Cuban Communist Party'"

JUAN MARI BRAS is the  
Secretary General of  
the MPIPR in Puerto Rico.

MOVIMIENTO PRO-INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO  
(PUERTO RICAN INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MPIPR)

The MPIPR was organized in November, 1959, at Ponce, Puerto Rico. It has a current membership of about 700-800 persons with several thousand sympathizers. The MPIPR is organized in missions which are located in various towns throughout Puerto Rico. There are also members and sympathizers in the continental United States. The MPIPR National Headquarters is located at 1122 Ponce de Leon Avenue, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico.

At the time the MPIPR was organized, it indicated that it did not advocate violence but would accept members who did. JUAN MARI BRAS, the founder and dominant leader of the organization, in a speech in 1964, threatened violence comparable to that in Algeria, 1964, if Puerto Rico became a state within the United States.

MARI BRAS, in an editorial appearing in the March 15, 1970, issue of "Claridad," the MPIPR newspaper, stated that "in Puerto Rico there is an incipient armed struggle on the part of pro-independence individuals who consider it their patriotic duty to conduct warfare against the empire which dominates us. We believe that every Puerto Rican has the right to make war against the invaders of our country. And war is mainly killing and dying."

The press of Puerto Rico has reported that the MPIPR has held numerous public meetings and demonstrations at which they protested compulsory military service for Puerto Ricans and United States policy in Vietnam. The MPIPR has further urged the boycott of elections in Puerto Rico.

On April 21, 1970, during the course of a program on WTSJ Television in San Juan, Puerto Rico, MARI BRAS stated that the MPIPR has innumerable contacts with revolutionary organizations in South America, Canada, Cuba, Europe, Africa and in Asia. Through 1969, the MPIPR had a permanent representative stationed in Havana, Cuba.

FBI

Date: FEB 9 1971

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (61-8077)

FROM: SAC, SAN JUAN (3-11) (P)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF Buller  
DATE 5-22-77

[REDACTED]  
10-0  
(OO:NY)

Re San Juan teletype to the Bureau, 1/16/71,  
entitled CP, USA (Bufile 100-3-69); San Juan letter to

- 6-Bureau (61-8077) (Enc. 11) (RM)
  - (1- 100-223496) [REDACTED]
  - (1- 100-3) (CP, USA)
  - (1- 105-93124) (GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR P.R.)
  - (1- 105-75715) (MPIPR)
- 5-New York (100-84904) (Enc. 5) (RM)
  - (1- 100-123538) [REDACTED]
  - (1- 100-127802) (GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR P.R.)
  - (1- 100-80641) (CP, USA)
- 2-Miami (100-12009) (Enc. 2) (RM)
- 14-San Juan (3-11)
  - (1- 100-3675) [REDACTED]
  - (1- 100-3999) [REDACTED]
  - (1- 100-5260) [REDACTED]
  - (1- 105-6678) [REDACTED]
  - (1- 100-401) [REDACTED]
  - (1- 100-5804) [REDACTED]
  - (1- 100-4785) (JOAN MARI BRAS)
  - (1- 105-3401) (MPIPR)
  - (1- 100-3) (NPPR)
  - (1- 100-4014) (PIP)
  - (1- 100-678) (CP, USA)
  - (1- 105-3353 Sub I) (GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR P.R.)

NOT RECORDED  
MAR 11 1971

REC:mtm  
(27)

ENCLOSURE

CONFIDENTIAL  
Classified by 609 YIP MAY 6 1971  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

CARBON COPY

Approved: FIB  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

ORIGINAL FILED IN 61-8011-3056

SJ 3-11-71

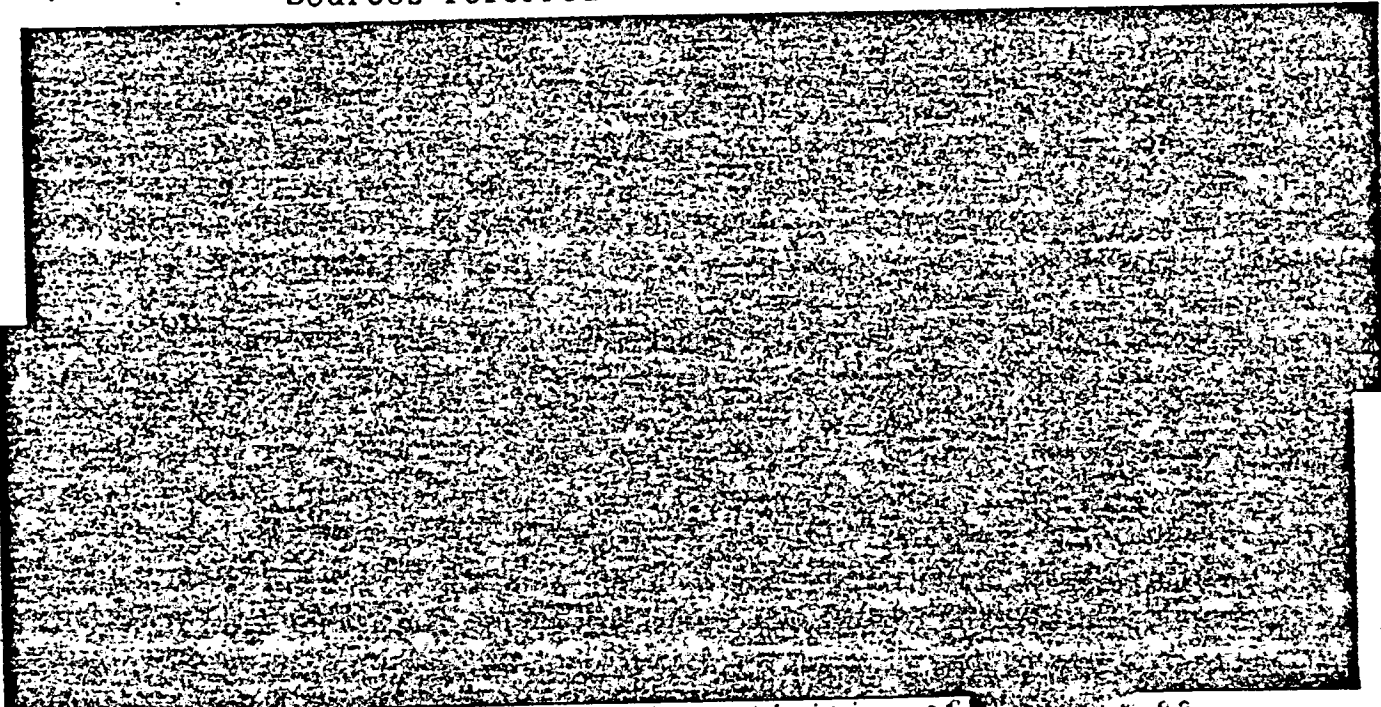
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

the Bureau, 1/29/71, also entitled CP, USA; San Juan airtel to the Bureau, 1/21/71; San Juan teletype to the Bureau, 1/21/71; San Juan teletype to the Bureau, 1/23/71; San Juan airtel to the Bureau, 1/28/71; Bureau airtel to San Juan, 1/28/71. (u)

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above. Enclosed for New York are 5 copies and for Miami 2 copies of the same communication. (u)

Local dissemination is being made to 771st Military Intelligence Detachment; U.S. Secret Service; Naval Investigative Service Office; and Office of Special Investigations, Ramey Air Force Base. (u)

Sources referred to in LHM are:



Bureau agents who observed the activities of [redacted] as mentioned in LHM. (u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



The LHM is classified "Confidential" as it contains information from SJ T-1 through SJ T-6, the unauthorized disclosure of which could reasonably be expected to expose sources which would not be in the best interest of the United States.

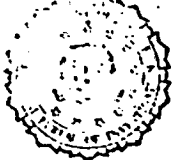
LEAD:

SAN JUAN

AT SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO

Recontact [redacted] and [redacted] regarding any additional information they might have developed concerning [redacted] activities while in Puerto Rico. (u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
San Juan, Puerto Rico

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

FEB 9 1971

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

*Jus Hall*

[REDACTED] SJ T-1 advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] (CP-USA), would be arriving in San Juan on January 16, 1971. On January 15, 1971, SJ T-1 advised that Hall would be arriving San Juan International Airport aboard Eastern Airlines (EAL) flight scheduled to arrive at 4:30 p.m. (u)

On January 16, 1971, representatives of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) observed the following: (u)

[REDACTED] disembarked from EAL flight #967, which had arrived at San Juan International Airport, San Juan, Puerto Rico, from Newark, New Jersey on the date at approximately 4:30 p.m. [REDACTED] was confronted by numerous representatives of the Puerto Rican news media specifically from WAPA Television, WHOA Radio, El Mundo and El Imparcial newspapers, both Spanish language newspapers published daily in San Juan, Puerto Rico. [REDACTED] suitcase bore a sticker which read, "Free Angela". (u)

[REDACTED]

Group I

Excluded from automatic downgrading  
and declassification.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE



[REDACTED]

The following persons were observed greeting Hall at the Airport:

[REDACTED] - CP-USA, Miami

[REDACTED] - Partido Comunista Puertorriqueno  
(Communist Party of Puerto Rico) (PCP) Secretary General

[REDACTED] PCP Secretary of Finance and Feminine Affairs

[REDACTED] PCP member

[REDACTED] - PCP member

(u)

A characterization of the PCP appears in the appendix.

(u)

On January 16, 1971, SJ T-2 advised the following summation of what [REDACTED] stated in interview at the Airport to the Puerto Rican news media: (u)

He was in Puerto Rico to get acquainted with all anti-imperialist fighters and that he, himself, was for the independence of Puerto Rico. He expected to visit Russia in March, 1971 to attend the Communist Party Congress. He mentioned he would be glad to meet with trade unions, independence parties and any anti-imperialist fighter. He stated, "We have one enemy, U.S. imperialism." He considered the recent Culebra solution a victory and stated that the U.S. Navy has no business on the Island of Culebra. He remarked that the CP-USA has between 15,000 and 16,000 dues-paying members with the general membership being approximately 100,000. He characterized the Nixon administration as being reactionary, racist and pro-war. (u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The island of Culebra is located northeast of Puerto Rico and extends for approximately 21 square miles. Executive Order 8684, dated February 14, 1941, designated Culebra and adjacent waters as Naval Defensive Areas and Naval Air Space Reservations. In 1963, the Atlantic Fleet Weapons Range was established in Culebra. The range represents one of the largest controllable sea and land spaces available for conducting large scale fleet exercises. The inner-range area includes the islands of Culebra and Vieques, Puerto Rico. (u)

On January 18, 1971, SJ T-1 advised that on January 17, 1971, a general membership meeting of the PCP took place at the home of Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (Puerto Rican Independence Movement) (MPIPR) member and PCP sympathizer, [REDACTED]. Numerous persons were in attendance, including. (u)

[REDACTED]

- CP, USA, New York
- CP, USA, New York.
- CP, USA, Miami
- MPIPR
- MPIPR

and numerous other PCP members (u)

[REDACTED]

A characterization of the MPIPR appears in the appendix.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONFIDENTIAL

[REDACTED]

On January 21, 1971, representatives of the FBI observed the following: (u)

[REDACTED] were participating in an anti-Culebra demonstration sponsored by the Partido Independentista Puertorriqueno (Independence Party of Puerto Rico) (PIP), which was taking place in front of the Post Office Building, Old San Juan, Puerto Rico. [REDACTED] was observed to shake hands with Juan Mari Bras, self-admitted Secretary General of the MPIPR, who was also participating in the above demonstration. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] both PCP officers, were also participating. (u)

A characterization of the PIP appears in the appendix. (u)

On January 21, 1971, U.S. District Judge Jose Toledo, San Juan, Puerto Rico, advised that [REDACTED] was included in an injunction issued by him on January 20, 1971 which ordered certain PIP members from interfering with Operation Springboard being conducted by the U.S. Navy on the island of Culebra. Judge Toledo pointed out that certain PIP members were interfering by occupying ground within the Navy firing range in Culebra. (u)

[REDACTED] (c)

On January 21, 1971, representatives of the FBI observed the aforementioned demonstration and no arrests were made. (u)

[REDACTED]

CONFIDENTIAL

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] (c)

On January 22, 1971, SJ T-4 advised that on this date [REDACTED] PCP Secretary General, advised that [REDACTED] would hold a press conference on this date at the Santa Rosa Restaurant, 1300 Torres de la Vega Street, Stop 18, Santurce, Puerto Rico, which restaurant is owned by [REDACTED] long time Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR) member. (u)

The NPPR has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450. (u)

On January 23, 1971, [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED] departed San Juan International Airport at approximately 7:00 a.m., aboard Pan American Airlines (PAA) flight destined for New York. (u)

[REDACTED] advised that on January 22, 1971, a PCP general membership meeting took place in Room 810, Howard Johnson's Hotel, Condado, Santurce, Puerto Rico. [REDACTED] advised that the following persons were in attendance at this meeting: (u)

[REDACTED]

and numerous other PCP members (u)

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

During this meeting, the operation of the Kentrome Press was discussed. [REDACTED] indicated that he wanted the Kentrome Press to continue to do business and that he would help financially to support it rather than let it face bankruptcy. [REDACTED] mentioned that he would attempt to obtain a sufficient amount of money in New York in order to pay the loans off that the Kentrome Press had negotiated in the past. (u)

The Kentrome Press is the official print shop of the PCP. (u)

Another topic discussed in the aforementioned meeting was the fact that [REDACTED] desired that [REDACTED] of the PCP, initiate some type of activity which would gain publicity and support for Angela Davis. (u)

On January 25, 1971, SJ T-1 advised that on January 25, 1971, [REDACTED] departed San Juan via PAA for New York. SJ T-1 stated that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

(u)

CONFIDENTIAL

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED], the President of the Sindicato Obrero Industrial (Insular Workers Syndicate) (SOI), he, [REDACTED] met with [REDACTED] in [REDACTED] room in the Excelsior Hotel, Condado, Santurce, Puerto Rico. Source opined that this meeting took place on January 21 or 22, 1971. Source could furnish no details concerning this meeting. (u)

[REDACTED] was a member of the Central Committee of the PCP from September, 1950, to July, 1953, at which time he was expelled from the PCP for violating party discipline and factionalism. Although not a PCP member, he describes himself as a Marxist-Leninist and maintains friendly relations with the PCP. (u)

The SOI is an independent Puerto Rican Labor Union [REDACTED]. (u)

On January 29, 1971, SJ T-6 advised that [REDACTED], in interview by Puerto Rican news media representatives on January 22, 1971, made the following comments which are set forth below in summary: (u)

U.S. imperialism has made Puerto Rico a major nuclear target since Puerto Rico has not been included in the nuclear free zone. (u)

The U.S. decision to withdraw from the United Nations' Commission on colonialism indicates that the United States decided to do this because the Puerto Rican independence question was to be presented before the Commission. Hall mentioned that he would be raising the priority for Puerto Rican independence throughout the communist parties of the world. (u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~[REDACTED]~~

He was disposed to promote a movement to free political prisoners in the United States including the 12 imprisoned members of the NPPR. (u)

He stated that the CP-USA has again become the dominant political force on the radical left. (u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONFIDENTIAL

APPENDIX

MOVIMIENTO PRO-INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO  
(PUERTO RICAN INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MPIPR)

The MPIPR was organized in November, 1959, at Ponce, Puerto Rico. It has a current membership of about 700-800 persons with several thousand sympathizers. The MPIPR is organized in missions which are located in various towns throughout Puerto Rico. There are also members and sympathizers in the continental United States. The MPIPR National Headquarters is located at 1122 Ponce de Leon Avenue, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico.

At the time the MPIPR was organized, it indicated that it did not advocate violence but would accept members who did. JUAN MARI BRAS, the founder and dominant leader of the organization, in a speech in 1964, threatened violence comparable to that in Algeria, 1964, if Puerto Rico became a state within the United States.

MARI BRAS, in an editorial appearing in the March 15, 1970, issue of "Claridad," the MPIPR newspaper, stated that "in Puerto Rico there is an incipient armed struggle on the part of pro-independence individuals who consider it their patriotic duty to conduct warfare against the empire which dominates us. We believe that every Puerto Rican has the right to make war against the invaders of our country. And war is mainly killing and dying."

The press of Puerto Rico has reported that the MPIPR has held numerous public meetings and demonstrations at which they protested compulsory military service for Puerto Ricans and United States policy in Vietnam. The MPIPR has further urged the boycott of elections in Puerto Rico.

On April 21, 1970, during the course of a program on WJTV Television in San Juan, Puerto Rico, MARI BRAS stated that the MPIPR has innumerable contacts with revolutionary organizations in South America, Canada, Cuba, Europe, Africa and in Asia. Through 1969, the MPIPR had a permanent representative stationed in Havana, Cuba.

CONFIDENTIAL



APPENDIX

COMMUNIST PARTY OF PUERTO RICO

... by JUAN SANTOS RIVERA, Secretary General of ...  
February 19, 1944, issue of "Puerto Rico, Ayer, Hoy, and Tomorrow," stated ...  
Party of Puerto Rico was founded in Ponce, Puerto Rico, on September 23, 1934.

... source advised in November, 1963, that JUAN SANTOS RIVERA was changing the name of the PCP and the new name would be Partido Luchero Liberador (POL). In May, 1964, RIVERA publicly stated that the POL was the new name of the Communist Party of Puerto Rico.

... September 12, 1966, a second source advised that on October 1, 1965, RIVERA called a special meeting of the POL at which meeting the name of the POL was changed to the original PCP.

The second source advised on September 12, 1966, that a communication has recently been received by the PCP, San Juan, from the Communist Party in Prague, Czechoslovakia, to the effect that Puerto Rico is recognized as a nation and that, therefore, the PCP is a Communist Party in its own right and not a district organization of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA). This source stated that although the PCP is not a district of the CPUSA, it is based on the same Marxist-Leninist principles as the CPUSA.

A third source has advised that the PCP received \$6,000 on March 21, 1969, and \$2,000 on May 2, 1969, from the CPUSA to assist in the purchase of a printing shop in Puerto Rico. This same source advised that a two man PCP delegation was in attendance at the CPUSA National Convention held in New York City April 30, 1969, through May 4, 1969. As a result of this participation a new liaison was established between these two parties.

This third source advised that FELIX CATEDA, PCP Secretary for Culture and Propaganda, returned from the Soviet Union in August, 1970, where he attended the International Conference of Communist Parties. Source also reported that JUAN SANTOS RIVERA and PCP Central Committee member, JUAN BAUTISTA PEREZ, left Puerto Rico in August, 1970, for the Soviet Union to attend the Lenin Centennial Celebrations.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPENDIX

1

PARTIDO INDEPENDENTISTA PUERTORRIQUEÑO  
(INDEPENDENCE PARTY OF PUERTO RICO) (PIP)

The PIP was founded in 1948, but has declined in votes drastically since 1952. The party first lost legal standing when it failed to poll the required five percent of the total vote cast in the elections of 1960. The PIP was placed on the ballot by legislative edict for the 1964 elections, but again failed to poll the required number of votes. After being placed on the 1968 ballot by fulfilling all legal requirements for recognition as a political party by petition, the PIP received less than three percent of the total vote cast, again losing its status as a registered party.

On March 10, 1970, Mrs. ROSITA M. CORDOVA, Secretary to the Superintendent, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico Elections Board, advised that at the January 23, 1970, meeting of the Elections Board, the PIP was certified as a legally constituted political party in Puerto Rico by reason of petition.

The January 26, 1970, edition of "The San Juan Star," an English language daily newspaper published at San Juan, Puerto Rico, reported that during his speech, accepting the presidency of the PIP, ROSEN BERRIOS MARTINEZ pledged himself to a more radical political posture, with "Christian socialism" and "pacific militance" as principal tactics. In an interview, BERRIOS placed special significance on the inclusion of other means of gaining independence in addition to going to the polls, such as more active participation in protests, marches, pickets and boycotts.

The February 24, 1970, edition of "The San Juan Star," reports that BERRIOS stated that "The only way to solve . . . the problem of military occupation in Puerto Rico is to achieve our independence as a nation."

The April 17, 1970, edition of "El Mundo," a Spanish language daily newspaper published at San Juan, Puerto Rico, contains parts of a speech given by BERRIOS wherein he says that the members of his organization are to intensify the struggle against the regime, but that violence was ruled out for his party. He added that it was more profitable for their cause "to let the invaders break the heads of those opposing their oppression than to fight them face to face." "Some day," he stated, "~~the lackeys of Yankee imperialism will go too far and there will be innocent victims and blood will run.~~"

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
San Juan, Puerto Rico

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

FEB 9 1971

Title [REDACTED]

Character INTERNAL SECURITY-COMMUNIST

Reference FBI San Juan communication dated  
and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities  
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable  
information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FEB 12 1971

Mr. Sullivan	.....
Mr. Mohr	.....
Mr. Bishop	.....
Mr. Brennan	.....
Mr. Callahan	.....
Mr. Casper	.....
Mr. Conrad	.....
Mr. Dalbey	.....
Mr. Felt	.....
Mr. Gale	.....
Mr. Rosen	.....
Mr. Tavel	.....
Mr. Walters	.....
Mr. Soyars	.....
Tele. Room	.....
Miss Holmes	.....
Miss Gandy	.....

NR 007 SJ CODE

6-28PM NITEL 2-12-71 HDP

TO DIRECTOR (105-292)

NEW YORK (105-3002) ---VIA WASHINGTON---

KANSAS CITY ---VIA WASHINGTON---

FROM SAN JUAN (100-4785) 1P

TELETYPE

*Walters*

*Mohr*  
*Walters*

JUAN MARI BRAS, IS - PRN, IS - CUBA.

ON FEBRUARY ELEVEN, LAST, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED], ADVISED SAN JUAN OFFICE THAT EASTERN AIRLINES  
FLIGHT NINE EIGHT FOUR DEPARTED SAN JUAN FOR NEW YORK AT TEN P.M.  
FEBRUARY ELEVEN, LAST, WITH SUBJECT ABOARD.

ON INSTANT DATE, [REDACTED] RELIABLE, ADVISED THAT



KANSAS CITY WILL MAINTAIN LIAISON WITH PRISON OFFICIALS [REDACTED]

NEW YORK ALERT APPROPRIATE SOURCES TO SUBJECT'S ARRIVAL.

END

WA...

WJF FBI WASH DC  
53 FEB 26 1971  
R RELAY

TELETYPED TO:  
NY, KC

*105-292-442*

*105-292*  
*5-0m*

FEB 18 1971

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-10330-100

Interferencia en  
ejercicio Abogacía

---

2/16/71

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FEB 16 1971

TELETYPE

NR 025 NY CODE

9-50 PM NITEL 2-16-71 RXR

TO DIRECTOR

ATTN; DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

KANSAS CITY

FROM NEW YORK 105-3002 2P

JUAN MARI BRAS, INTERNAL SECURITY - PUERTO RICAN

NATIONALIST OO;SJ

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Brennan	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Dalbey	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Walters	_____
Mr. Soyars	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

*W. J. ...*  
*5- ...*  
*...*

*2*  
*...*

THE FEBRUARY FOURTEEN LAST EDITION OF "EL DIARIO - LA PRENSA", A SPANISH LANGUAGE NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED DAILY IN NEW YORK CITY CONTAINED AN ARTICAL<sup>LE</sup> WHICH DISCLOSED THAT JUAN MARI BRAS, SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE MOVIMENTO PRO INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO (MPI) LEFT THE ISLAND THE NIGHT BEFORE LAST ENROUTE TO LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS, TO PROTEST THE SOLITARY CONFINEMENT OF FOUR PUERTO RICAN NATIONALISTS WHO ARE SERVING LIFE SENTENCES FOR THEIR PART IN THE ONE NINE FIVE FOUR SHOOTING IN THE US CONGRESS AND THE ABORTIVE ATTEMPT ON THE LIFE OF FORMER PRESIDENT TRUMAN IN ONE NINE FIVE ZERO, FOR ORGANIZING A PROTEST AGAINST THE PENITENTIARY. ACCORDING TO THE ARTICAL,<sup>LE</sup> AN MPI SPOKSMAN INDICATED THAT MARI BRAS WAS GOING TO KANSAS WITH THE INTENT OF RESOLVING THE PROBLEM.

END PAGE FEB 25 1971

EX-101

REC-10

105-3002-290  
FEB 18 1971

113

PAGE TWO

ON FEBRUARY SIXTEEN INSTANT, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] ADVISED THAT MARI BRAS DEPARTED NEW YORK CITY THE MORNING OF FEBRUARY THIRTEEN LAST, ENROUTE TO KANSAS TO PARTICIPATE IN SOME ACTIVITY REGARDING THE FOUR PUERTO RICAN NATIONALISTS WHO ARE IMPRISONED THERE, FOR THEIR ACTS AGAINST THE US GOVERNMENT.

SOURCE INDICATED MARI BRAS RETURNED TO NEW YORK CITY EVENING OF FEBRUARY THIRTEEN LAST AND SUBSEQUENTLY DEPARTED FOR PUERTO RICO THE SAME DATE.

KANSAS CITY REQUESTED TO CONTACT OFFICIALS AT US PENITENTIARY, LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS TO DETERMINE NATURE OF MARI BRAS ACTIVITY AND TO SUBMIT ALL POSITIVE INFO IN LHM.

AIR MAIL-COPY SENT TO SAN JUAN.

END

GMV WASH DC FBI TU CUL

FBI

Date: 2/16/71

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-292)  
FROM: SAC, KANSAS CITY (105-NEW) RUC  
RE: JUAN MARI BRAS  
IS-PRN  
IS-CUBA  
OO: SJ

*Wheeler*

Re San Juan nitel to the Bureau, 2/12/71

The following investigation was conducted by SA  
[REDACTED] at Leavenworth, Ks. on 2/13/71:

[REDACTED] Leavenworth, Ks.,  
informed that JUAN MARI BRAS visited inmate RAFAEL CANCEL  
MIRANDA at 1:40 p.m., 2/13/71, for one hour and 25 minutes.  
Following his visit with MIRANDA, he spoke to IRVING FLORES  
RODRIGUEZ for 15 minutes and following this conversation he  
visited ANDRES FIGUEROA CORDERO for four minutes.

BRAS departed the USP at 3:25 p.m.; his ultimate  
destination unknown.

BRAS was accompanied by one OSWALDO ROMERO, who was  
not approved for visitation.

- 2-Bureau (RM)
- 2-New York (105-3002)(RM)
- 2-San Juan (100-4785)(RM)
- 5-Kansas City (1-105- (JUAN MARI BRAS)

ST-103

REC-71

105-292-446

EdN:aa  
(1)

FEB 18 1971

XEROX

FEB 26 1971

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

*105-292-446 (J. MARI BRAS)*

211832

105-

*LEB...*



# Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-292)

DATE: February 17, 1971

FROM : SAC, KANSAS CITY (105-3155) RUC

SUBJECT: JUAN MARI BRAS  
IS - PRN  
IS - CUBA

OO SJ

Re San Juan teletype to Director, Et Al, dated 2/12/71, Kansas City airtel to Director dated 2/16/71, and New York teletype to Director and Kansas City dated 2/16/71.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies and for New York and San Juan two copies each of an LHM concerning captioned subject's recent visit to the United States Penitentiary, Leavenworth, Kansas.

EX 105 ~~TOP SECRET~~  
REF-32

105-292-441

FEB 22 1971

CC-RAD-1SD-0-6-d

SS }  
DIA } info.

cc retained by my name  
for destruction.

3/1/71

557 / C. J. D. M. U.

- 2 - Bureau (Enc. 10) (ENCLOSURE)
  - 2 - New York (105-3002) (ENC. 2) (RM)
  - 2 - San Juan (100-4785) (ENC. 2) (RM)
  - 1 - Kansas City
- RBR:gmh  
(7)

NAT. INT. SEC.



5010-108-01

F-104  
70 MAR 3 1971

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Kansas City, Missouri  
February 17, 1971

JUAN MARI BRAS

[REDACTED], United States Penitentiary, Leavenworth, Kansas, on February 13, 1971, stated that Juan Mari Bras visited penitentiary inmate Rafael Cancel Miranda at 1:40 p.m. on that date for one hour and twenty-five minutes. This was a private visit and was not monitored. Following his visit with Miranda, Mari Bras spoke to Irving Flores Rodriguez, also an inmate, for fifteen minutes. This was also a private conversation and not monitored. Immediately after the visit with Rodriguez, Mari Bras visited inmate Andres Figueroa Cordero for four minutes, and this conversation was similarly private and not monitored.

Mari Bras departed from the United States Penitentiary at 3:25 p.m., February 13, 1971, and his destination upon departure was not known.

Upon his arrival at the penitentiary, Mari Bras was accompanied by one Oswaldo Romero, whose identity is unknown and who was not approved for inmate visitation.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI  
It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents  
are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1\*

ENCLOSURE

100-2112-441

1 - Mr. [redacted]  
1 - Mr. [redacted]  
1 - Mr. [redacted]  
2/26/71

SAC, San Juan (105-3353sub1)

Director, FBI (105-93124)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO  
COUNTERINTELLIGENCE  
IS - PRN

[redacted]  
13  
[signature]

Enclosed for San Juan are pages M-2 and M-3 of the 2/13/71 issue of "People's World," a West Coast communist newspaper.

Juan Mari Bras / Gus Hall

These pages show [redacted]'s version of the results of his trip to San Juan. On page M-2 is included photograph depicting [redacted] together with [redacted]. It would appear that, if this photograph could be superimposed on a suitable cartoon such as that utilized in the past (see your letter 11/14/68 and Bulet 12/17/68 both entitled as in caption), much value could accrue to the Bureau. It is noted Puerto Ricans have historically disclaimed communism and that the Communist Party of Puerto Rico is still regarded with distrust and suspicion among even the most staunch advocates of Puerto Rican independence.

Accordingly, you should give prompt consideration to this and other possible counterintelligence moves directed against [redacted] in light of current situation as seen by your office. Submit your comments and recommendations for Bureau consideration, utilizing above caption. The FBI Laboratory would be able to assist your office in superimposing enclosed photograph on a proposed cartoon.

MAILED 3  
FEB 26 1971  
COMM-FBI

REC-71 105-93124-078

MAR 3 1971

Enclosures - 2

SSM:dlw  
(6)

NOTE:

Enclosed pages of "People's World" show results of trip to Puerto Rico by [redacted], according to [redacted]. We know that, because of publicity [redacted] received in Puerto Rico, the majority of his planned meetings were canceled [redacted]

[redacted] He also departed Puerto Rico two days earlier than planned because he was constantly recognized as result of publicity afforded him which was the direct result of counterintelligence move against him.

F181

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

MAIL ROOM  TELETYPE UNIT

Tolson  
Sullivan  
Mohr  
Bishop  
Crennan, C.D.  
Callahan  
Conrad  
Felt  
Gale  
Rosen  
Savel  
Walters  
Coyne  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

[signature]  
[signature]  
[signature]

Letter to San Juan

Re: Groups Seeking Independence for Puerto Rico  
105-93124

NOTE CONTINUED:

In order to proceed logically and to continue pressure on subversive groups in Puerto Rico, it is felt we should take advantage of [redacted] visit to Puerto Rico and show his relationship with [redacted]. It is felt that, if sufficient publicity were given to this relationship, it would have adverse effects on groups led by [redacted], the Puerto Rican Independence Movement (MPIPR) and the Communist Party of Puerto Rico (PCP), respectively.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

2/3/71

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-292)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (105-3002) (RUC)

SUBJECT: JUAN MARI BRAS  
IS - PRN  
(OO: SJ)

DATE: 3/1/71

CC - RAC-150-0-6-1  
SS  
D/A } info  
State }  
Co-retained by migration for  
distribution.

M. P. ...  
3/2/71  
887/cjm

ReNYtel to San Juan, dated 2/12/71, and NYtel to Director, dated 2/16/71.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 10 copies and for the San Juan Office two (2) copies of an LHM concerning subject's visit to NYC on 2/12/71.

[redacted] as the source utilized in the attached LHM.

The attached LHM has been classified "Confidential" because information contained therein was provided by the above mentioned source. The unauthorized disclosure of this information could possibly compromise the identity of this valuable source, thus adversely affecting the national defense.

The article appearing in the newspaper "El Diario - La Prensa" was translated by SA [redacted]

- 2 - Bureau (Encls. 10) (RM)
- 2 - San Juan (100-4785) (Encls. 2) (RM)
- 1 - New York (105-109092) (OSVALDO ROMERO) (41)
- 1 - New York

LEB:med  
(6)

ST. 109 REC-66

MAR 5 1971

62 MAR 19 1971

NAT. INT. SEC.



CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
New York, New York

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No. Bufile 105-292  
NYfile 105-3002

March 3, 1971

Juan Mari Bras



In the February 14, 1971 edition of the "El-Diario - La Prensa", a Spanish language newspaper published daily in New York City, appeared an article which disclosed that Juan Mari Bras, Secretary General of the MPI left the island the night before last enroute to Leavenworth, Kansas to protest the solitary confinement of four Puerto Rican Nationalists who are serving life sentences for their part in the 1954 shooting in the United States Congress and the abortive attempt on the life of former President Truman in 1950, for organizing a protest against the penitentiary. According to the article, an MPI spokesman indicated that Mari Bras was going to Kansas with the intent of resolving the problem.

CONFIDENTIAL  
GROUP I  
Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification.

DECLASSIFIED BY 6080  
ON 3-8-77  
gjk

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF DATE 3-25-71

105-292-444

CONFIDENTIAL

Juan Mari Bras

On February 18, 1971, the above source advised that on February 12, 1971, the MPI-NYM held a conference at the CPR with Juan Mari Bras as the speaker. Mari Bras talked about the political prisoners in the United States jails, how repression against the independence groups in Puerto Rico is getting stronger and about the Culebra situation. During his talk, Mari Bras mentioned that he was going to Leavenworth, Kansas to visit several Puerto Rican political prisoners incarcerated there and that he had permission to talk with them.

According to the source, Mari Bras left New York City Friday night, February 12, 1971, en route to Leavenworth, Kansas, returned to New York City on Sunday afternoon, February 14, 1971, and left for Puerto Rico during the evening of the fourteenth. Source reported that Osvaldo Romero, Secretary of Student Affairs of the MPI-NYM accompanied Mari Bras on his trip to Leavenworth.

- 2 -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1 Mr. [redacted]  
1 - Mr. [redacted]

SAC, San Juan (105-3353sub1)

3/12/71

Director, FBI (105-93124)

GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR PUERTO RICO  
COUNTERINTELLIGENCE  
IS - PRN

ReBulet 2/26/71.

ReBulet suggested counterintelligence ploy against Juan Mari Bras, Secretary General of the Puerto Rican Independence Movement (MPIPR).

Enclosed for your office is single copy of 3/8/71 edition of the "Bulletin," publication of the "Workers League." See page 51 of SAC Letter 70-62 dated 11/3/70 captioned "Characterization of Subversive, Racial, Klan, White Hate, and Militant Black Organizations, IS-C" for characterization of "Workers League."

On page 9 of enclosure is article entitled "MPI Forms Alliance with Stalinists." This article should be perused by your office for possible material for use in counterintelligence ploy against Mari

EX-104 REC-81 105-93124-279

As instructed by reBulet, you should submit your comments and recommendations for Bureau consideration.

Enclosure

MAR 12 1971

SSM:dlw (5)

NOTE:

Following recent trip of [redacted] Secretary General of CPUSA, to Puerto Rico, we suggested to San Juan by relet that they consider utilizing photograph showing [redacted] Secretary General of the Communist Party of Puerto Rico, in cartoon showing their "marriage."

Article in "Bulletin" takes the MPIPR to task for its alliance with "Stalinists" and could add strength to our counter-intelligence ploy. The "Workers League" is composed of individuals expelled from the Socialists Workers Party which has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

- Tolson \_\_\_\_\_
- Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_
- Mohr \_\_\_\_\_
- Bishop \_\_\_\_\_
- Brennan, C.D. \_\_\_\_\_
- Callahan \_\_\_\_\_
- Casper \_\_\_\_\_
- Conrad \_\_\_\_\_
- Dalbey \_\_\_\_\_
- Felt \_\_\_\_\_
- Gale \_\_\_\_\_
- Rosen \_\_\_\_\_
- Tavel \_\_\_\_\_
- Walters \_\_\_\_\_
- Sovars \_\_\_\_\_
- Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_
- Holmes \_\_\_\_\_
- Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

323  
MAR 22 1971  
MAIL ROOM  TELETYPE UNIT

[Handwritten initials]



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (105-292)

DATE: 3/16/71

FROM : SAC, San Juan (100-4785) P

SUBJECT: JUAN MARI BRAS  
IS - PRN  
IS - CUBA  
RA - CUBA  
(OO:SJ)

On 3/11/71

[redacted] (protect by request),  
advised SA [redacted] that MARI BRAS is scheduled to travel  
to New York from San Juan on Eastern Airlines flight 922 on  
3/20/71. Reservations were made through the De Mari Travel  
Agency on 3/11/71.

LEAD:

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Will alert logical sources to subject's proposed  
travel to New York.

*DeBull  
(177)*

EX-104

REC 74

105-292-447

*1cc bwg*

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
- 2 - New York (105-3002) (RM)
- 2 - San Juan

JJK:clb  
(6)

6 MAR 19 1971

NAT. DEF. SEC.

61 MAR 22 1971

FBI

Date: 3/17/71

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (61-8077)  
FROM: SAC, SAN JUAN (3-11) (RUC)  
SUBJECT: ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~  
OO: NY

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF B/K  
DATE 5-22-77

~~CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL ATTACHED~~

Re San Juan airtel to the Bureau dated 2/19/71, and Miami airtels to the Bureau dated 2/2/71 and 3/1/71.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 17 copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above. Enclosed for New York are 7 copies and for Miami two copies of the same communication.

- ② - Bureau (61-8077) (Enc. 17) (RM)
  - (2 - 61-8077) (GUS HALL)
  - (2 - 100-3) (CP, USA)
  - (1 - 105-93124) (GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR P.R.)
  - (1 - 105-75715) (MPIPR)
  - (1 - 64-200-48) (PCP)
  - (1 - 100-223495) ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~
  - (1 - 105-292) (JUAN MARI BRAS)
- 2 - Miami (100-12609) (GUS HALL) (Enc. 2) (RM)
- 7 - New York
  - (2 - 100-84994) (GUS HALL) (Enc. 7) (RM)
  - (1 - 100-123536) ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~
  - (1 - 100-129302) (GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR P.R.)
  - (1 - 100-80341) (CP, USA)
  - (1 - 105-39139) (MPIPR)
  - (1 - 105-3002) (JUAN MARI BRAS)
- 15 - San Juan
  - (2 - 3-11) (GUS HALL)
  - (1 - 100-3675) ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~
  - (1 - 100-3999) ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~
  - (1 - 100-5260) ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~
  - (1 - 100-4785) (JUAN MARI BRAS)
  - (1 - 105-3924) ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~
  - (1 - 105-3353) (GROUPS SEEKING INDEPENDENCE FOR P.R.)
  - (1 - 105-3827) ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~

Classified by 1089  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

105-93124

MAR 23 1971

- (1 - 105-3401) (MPIPR)
- (1 - 100-20) (PCP)
- (1 - 100-578) (CP, USA)
- (1 - 105-9332) ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~
- (1 - 105-4535) ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~
- (1 - 105-3867) ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~

TELEPHONE COPY

53 APR 1 1971

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

SJ 3-11

Local dissemination is being made to 771st Military Intelligence Detachment; U. S. Secret Service; Naval Investigative Office; and Office of Special Investigations, Ramey Air Force Base.

SJ T-1 is [REDACTED]

The LHM is classified "Confidential" as it contains information from SJ T-1, the unauthorized disclosure of which could reasonably be expected to expose source which would not be in the interest of the United States.

Dissemination of the information contained in the LHM is being made at this time since it has been determined that the dissemination would not jeopardize SJ T-1, a continuing source of information.

SJO has conducted all logical investigation and considers captioned case RUC.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Juan, Puerto Rico

March 17, 1971

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST~~

On January 28, 1971, SJ T-1 furnished the  
attached communique

[REDACTED]

(u)

Characterizations of the MIPR and  
PCP appear in the appendix.

(u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Group I  
Excluded from automatic downgrading  
and declassification.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions  
of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to  
your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed  
outside your agency.

105-711-1

1

MOVIMIENTO PRO-INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO  
(PUERTO RICAN INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MPIPR)

The MPIPR was organized in November, 1959, at Ponce, Puerto Rico. It has a current membership of about 700-800 persons with several thousand sympathizers. The MPIPR is organized in missions which are located in various towns throughout Puerto Rico. There are also members and sympathizers in the continental United States. The MPIPR National Headquarters is located at 1122 Ponce de Leon Avenue, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico.

At the time the MPIPR was organized, it indicated that it did not advocate violence, but would accept members who did. JUAN MARI BRAS, the founder and dominant leader of the organization, in a speech in 1964, threatened violence comparable to that in Algeria, 1964, if Puerto Rico became a state within the United States.

(u) MARI BRAS, in an editorial appearing in the March 15, 1970, issue of "Claridad," the MPIPR newspaper, stated that "in Puerto Rico there is an incipient armed struggle on the part of pro-independence individuals who consider it their patriotic duty to conduct warfare against the empire which dominates us. We believe that every Puerto Rican has the right to make war against the invaders of our country. And war is mainly killing and dying."

The press of Puerto Rico has reported that the MPIPR has held numerous public meetings and demonstrations at which they protested compulsory military service for Puerto Ricans, and United States policy in Vietnam. The MPIPR has further urged the boycott of elections in Puerto Rico.

On April 21, 1970, during the course of a program on WTSJ Television, Puerto Rico, MARI BRAS stated that the MPIPR has innumerable contacts with revolutionary organizations in South America, Canada, Cuba, Europe, Africa, and in Asia. Through 1969, the MPIPR had a permanent representative stationed in Havana, Cuba.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPENDIX

COMMUNIST PARTY OF PUERTO RICO

On January 19, 1944, issue of "Puerto Rico, Ayer, Hoy, and Tomorrow", stated that the Communist Party of Puerto Rico was founded in Ponce, Puerto Rico, on September 23, 1934.

A source advised in November, 1963, that JUAN SANTOS RIVERA was changing the name of the PCP and the new name would be "Partido Obrero Liberador (POL)". In May, 1964, RIVERA publicly stated that the POL was the new name of the Communist Party of Puerto Rico.

On September 12, 1966, a second source advised that on September 6, 1966, RIVERA called a special meeting of the PCP at which meeting the name of the POL was changed to the original PCP.

The second source advised on September 12, 1966, that a letter has recently been received by the PCP, San Juan, from the Communist Party in Prague, Czechoslovakia, to the effect that Puerto Rico is recognized as a nation and that, therefore, the PCP of Puerto Rico is recognized as a nation and not a district organization of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA). This source stated that although the PCP is not a district of the CPUSA, it is based on the same Marxist-Leninist principles as the CPUSA.

A third source has advised that the PCP received \$5,000 on February 21, 1969, and \$2,000 on May 2, 1969, from the CPUSA to assist in the purchase of a printing shop in Puerto Rico. This same source advised that a two man PCP delegation was in attendance at the CPUSA National Convention held in New York City April 30, 1969, through May 4, 1969. As a result of this participation a new liaison was established between these two parties.

This third source advised that FELIX OJEDA, PCP Secretary of Culture and Propaganda, returned from the Soviet Union in August, 1970, where he attended the International Conference of Communist Parties. Source also reported that JUAN SANTOS RIVERA and PCP Central Committee member, JUAN BAUTISTA PEREZ, left Puerto Rico in August, 1970, for the Soviet Union to attend the Lenin Centennial celebration.

CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Juan, Puerto Rico

March 17, 1971

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Title

[REDACTED]

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Reference FBI San Juan communication  
dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-23124)

FROM : SAC, SAN JUAN (105-3253 Sub 1)

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

DATE: 3/30/71

Re Bulets to San Juan, 2/26/71, and 3/12/71.

As the Bureau is aware, since the ambush murders of two policemen and an ROTC cadet on the campus of the University of Puerto Rico, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, on March 11, 1971, there have been various reprisals against known "independentistas" including [REDACTED] (Bufile 100-371932), and [REDACTED] (Bufile 105-75626). In addition, there has been a noticeable change in the outlook of the general Puerto Rican public towards the violence-prone "independentistas". The general consensus appears to be highly incensed against the violence engendered by these groups.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] (Bufile 105-292) was planning to go into hiding because of these reprisals. To date, he has not returned from his travel to New York, New York.

To date, neither the Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (Puerto Rican Independence Movement) (MPIR) or the Frente Comunista Puertorriqueño (Puerto Rican Communist Front) (FCP) has seen fit to print the text of [REDACTED] issued after the conference of MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. in [REDACTED] the CPUSA.

[REDACTED] San Juan Office that the opportunity now exists to further widen the rift between the [REDACTED] and the general public. It is felt that [REDACTED] could be further [REDACTED] through the release in the local press of the text of the [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] interview in "World Magazine", on February 19, 1971.

105-93124-281

- 2 - Bureau (J.M.)
- 2 - San Juan

REC-20

18 APR 2 1971



5010-108-02

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

NADIA SEC  
[Handwritten signature]



It is the belief of the San Juan Office that the release of the texts should be made to [redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted] office on numerous occasions

sources have advised that this [redacted] to curtail his trip here and the number of [redacted] con- tacted during his time on the island.

The reprinting of the communiques [redacted] would have two purposes. One, it would [redacted] person that the FBI and the CIA had in not publishing the article -- which relationship with the CIBSA. And two, it would destroy any aura of respectability that these two groups may have among the Puerto Rican people.

The San Juan Office is currently preparing a cartoon along the lines suggested by the Bureau for approval by the Bureau.

The Bureau is requested to approve a dis- [redacted] [redacted] of the joint communique issued by [redacted] during their January 22, 1971 meeting [redacted]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO :  
FROM :  
SUBJECT:

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-292)

DATE: 4/2/71

SAC, NEW YORK (105-3002) (P)

JUAN MARI BRAS  
IS-PRN  
(OO: SJ)

ReSJlet to Bureau, 3/16/71.

On 4/1/71, [redacted] advised that captioned subject departed New York City enroute to Puerto Rico on the Morning of 3/30/71.

NY will submit LHM.

*1006209 ED*

- 2-Bureau (RM)
- 2-San Juan (100-4785) (PM)
- 1-New York

LEB:lb  
(5)

**EX-114**

**REC-1**

APR 5 1971

*NA [signature]*



GUS HALL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

"In the spirit of internationalist anti-imperialism and in an atmosphere of friendship and cordiality, a meeting took place in the office of the National Mission of the MPI (El Movimiento Pro-Independencia de Puerto Rico).

"Present were JUAN MARI BRAS, General Secretary of the MPI; GUS HALL, General Secretary of the Communist Party, U.S.A.; FELIX OJEDA, General Secretary, Communist Party of P. R. Others present were JULIO VIVES VAZQUEZ, PEDRO BAIGES CHAPEL, JENARO RENTAS, MANUEL DE J. GONZALEZ and ANGEL AGOSTO, members of the Political Committee of the MPI; GERTRUDIS MELENDEZ DE PEREZ, and other members of the Central Committee of the C. P. of Puerto Rico, and PAT TCOHEY, member of the National Committee of the C. P. U.S.A.

"The talks focused on the struggle for Puerto Rican independence, and for the elimination of United States military, economic, and political domination and influence over Puerto Rican life. All parties agreed that Puerto Rico is subjected to a direct, classic form of colonialism by the U. S. imperialists.

"The talks included a discussion about the developments in the struggle for national liberation throughout the world. The meeting took note of the new and ominous steps of escalation in South-East Asia by the Nixon Administration. Because of this, all parties present agreed to intensify and heighten the struggle to end the United States aggression in Indo-China.

"The discussion dealt with the movements and struggles for independence in Puerto Rico, and in the United States, with the various struggles against imperialism and war; with the struggle for black liberation; and against the special oppression of 1,600,000 Puerto Rican people now in the U. S. The talks took note of the serious nature of the present economic crisis and its severe and damaging effects upon the working people of our two nations.

"The meeting developed a number of concrete forms and actions, especially around the following issues:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

GUS HALL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

- "A. To eliminate the United States Naval presence and its criminal bombardment of the Island of Culebra. We see this struggle as the initial stage in eliminating the presence of U. S. imperialism's military forces in Puerto Rico.
- "B. To heighten the struggle for the freedom of ANGELA DAVIS. We see this as a struggle to save the life of a beautiful human being and symbolic of the struggle against racism and all other forms of imperialist ideology. We see it symbolic of the need for unity of all victims of imperialist oppression.
- "C. To expose the hypocrisy of U.S. imperialism in now proclaiming that Puerto Rico is not included in the Tlatelolco Treaty for a Nuclear Free Zone in Latin America. This only shows that the criminal intentions of U. S. imperialism are to continue the economic, military, and political oppression of Puerto Rico; to continue it as a regional military staging area and to have, in Puerto Rico, nuclear weapons bases from which it can threaten the independence of all nations in our Hemisphere.
- "D. The talks canvassed the meaning of the unprecedented mass militancy of the youth of our two nations. The meeting agreed on special steps that are needed to render assistance and mass support to the hundreds who have been arrested or indicted because of their courageous stand against the U.S. military draft.
- "E. The meeting took special note of the centrality of the need to promote unity, and a fighting, militant, fraternal relationship between the working class and trade union organizations of our two nations. We will seek ways to put an end to the ability of U. S. corporations to use the working class of one nation against their class brothers of the other.

"The Conference concluded strengthening the comradeship between us, in spite of the different views that each party might have about a number of things, which is symbolic of the future ties and friendship that will grow and deepen between our two peoples, based on an end to U.S. imperialist oppression of Puerto Rico, as neighbors in independence, equality and mutual respect.

San Juan, Puerto Rico, January 22, 1971"

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~APPENDIX~~

GUS HALL

1

MOVIMIENTO PRO-INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO  
(PUERTO RICAN INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MPIPR)

The MPIPR was organized in November, 1959, at Ponce, Puerto Rico. It has a current membership of about 700-800 persons with several thousand sympathizers. The MPIPR is organized in missions which are located in various towns throughout Puerto Rico. There are also members and sympathizers in the continental United States. The MPIPR National Headquarters is located at 1122 Ponce de Leon Avenue, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico.

At the time the MPIPR was organized, it indicated that it did not advocate violence, but would accept members who did. JUAN MARI BRAS, the founder and dominant leader of the organization, in a speech in 1964, threatened violence comparable to that in Algeria, 1964, if Puerto Rico became a state within the United States.

MARI BRAS, in an editorial appearing in the March 15, 1970, issue of "Claridad," the MPIPR newspaper, stated that "in Puerto Rico there is an incipient armed struggle on the part of pro-independence individuals who consider it their patriotic duty to conduct warfare against the empire which dominates us. We believe that every Puerto Rican has the right to make war against the invaders of our country. And war is mainly killing and dying."

The press of Puerto Rico has reported that the MPIPR has held numerous public meetings and demonstrations at which they protested compulsory military service for Puerto Ricans, and United States policy in Vietnam. The MPIPR has further urged the boycott of elections in Puerto Rico.

On April 21, 1970, during the course of a program on WTSJ Television in San Juan, Puerto Rico, MARI BRAS stated that the MPIPR has innumerable contacts with revolutionary organizations in South America, Canada, Cuba, Europe, Africa, and in Asia. Through 1969, the MPIPR had a permanent representative stationed in Havana, Cuba.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

GUS HALL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~INDEX~~

COMMUNIST PARTY OF PUERTO RICO  
(FORMERLY PARTY OF PUERTO RICO)

An article by JUAN SANTOS RIVERA, Secretary General of the Communist Party of Puerto Rico, in the February 9, 1944, issue of "Puerto Rico, Ayer, Hoy y Mañana" (Puerto Rico, Yesterday, Today, and Tomorrow) stated that the Communist Party of Puerto Rico was founded in Ponce, Puerto Rico, on September 23, 1934.

A source advised in November, 1963, that JUAN SANTOS RIVERA was changing the name of the PCP and the new name would be Partido Obrero-Liberador (POL). In May, 1964, RIVERA publicly stated that the POL was the new name of the Communist Party of Puerto Rico.

On September 12, 1966, a second source advised that on September 8, 1966, RIVERA called a special meeting of the POL at which meeting the name of the POL was changed to the original PCP.

The second source advised on September 12, 1966, that a letter of recognition has recently been received by the PCP, San Juan, from the Communist Party in Prague, Czechoslovakia, to the effect that Puerto Rico is recognized as a nation and that, therefore, the PCP is a Communist Party in its own right and not a district organization of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA). This source stated that although the PCP is not a district of the CPUSA, it is based on the same Marxist-Leninist principles as the CPUSA.

A third source has advised that the PCP received \$6,000 on February 21, 1969, and \$2,000 on May 2, 1969, from the CPUSA to assist in the purchase of a printing shop in Puerto Rico. This same source advised that a two man PCP delegation was in attendance at the CPUSA National Convention held in New York City April 30, 1969, through May 4, 1969. As a result of this participation a new liaison was established between these two parties.

This third source advised that FELIX OJEDA, PCP Secretary of Propaganda, returned from the Soviet Union in August, 1970, where he attended the International Conference of Communist Parties. Source also reported that JUAN SANTOS RIVERA and PCP Central Committee member, JUAN BAUTISTA PEREZ, left Puerto Rico in April, 1970, for the Soviet Union to attend the Lenin Centennial celebration.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

\*



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

San Juan, Puerto Rico

APR 13 1971

JUAN MARI BRAS  
INTERNAL SECURITY - PUERTO RICAN NATIONALIST

[REDACTED]

On March 11, 1971, SJ T-1 advised that JUAN MARI BRAS is scheduled to travel to New York from San Juan, on March 20, 1971, via Eastern Airlines flight 922.

On March 15, 1971, SJ T-2 advised that MARI BRAS would participate in the celebration of the anniversary of the Ponce Massacre to be held in the Bronx, New York on March 21, 1971. This celebration would be sponsored by the New York Mission of the Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (Puerto Rican Independence Movement) (MPIPR), the Young Lords Party (YLP) and the Puerto Rican Student Union (PRSU).

A characterization of the Ponce Massacre, the New York Mission, MPIPR, and the YLP will be found attached to this LHM.

AGENCIES  
SERIES  
SERIES  
STEP(S) OF  
DATE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

GROUP 1

~~Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and declassification~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DECLASSIFIED BY 6080  
ON 3-8-77

105-292-479  
ENCLOSURE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

JUAN MARI BRAS

According to a booklet published by the PRSU, the organization was formed by a group of Puerto Rican students from colleges all over New York City, the five Rutgers campuses and parts of the State University system. In October, 1969, the PRSU was organized and a founding convention was held in December, 1969. This booklet called for Puerto Ricans to understand their heritage and begin to work for a better community. It calls for Puerto Rican control of the institutions within the community and a defense of the community by any and every means necessary. It states that the Puerto Rican people will become free from disease, poverty, ignorance, oppression, exploitation and cultural and physical genocide only through the use of force.

The Union Estudiantil Boricua (PRSU) of New York City is a union, composed of Puerto Rican youth in New York, that is striving to bring independence to Puerto Rico with similar ideas as the FUPI.

SJ T-3  
May 3, 1970

A characterization of the FUPI is attached to this memorandum.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

JUAN MARI BRAS

On March 17, 1971, [redacted] advised the San Juan Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that his department had learned that MARI BRAS was planning to go "underground" in the near future.

On March 21, 1971, [redacted] advised that JUAN MARI BRAS departed San Juan at 7:30 a.m., on March 21, 1971, for New York, New York, via Eastern Airlines Flight #920.

On March 20, 1971, [redacted] advised subject arrived at San Juan Airport from New York City on Eastern Airlines Flight 939.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

## APPENDIX

1FEDERACION DE UNIVERSITARIOS PRO-INDEPENDENCIA  
(FEDERATION OF UNIVERSITY STUDENTS FOR INDEPENDENCE) (FUPI)

The FUPI was organized in October, 1956, at the University of Puerto Rico (UPR), Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, as a student organization working to obtain independence for Puerto Rico.

In the "General Statement" adopted at the 14th Annual FUPI Congress, which was held at Rio Piedras on November 18 - 20, 1969, and dedicated to HO CHI MINH, the deceased political and ideological leader of North Vietnam, FUPI declared that the common enemy of all countries is Yankee imperialism; proclaimed that the final victory - on a universal scale - against imperialism can only be achieved with the united struggle of all the oppressed in the world and that the spinal chord of that struggle is the armed people; greeted and expressed their solidarity with the "heroic Vietnamese people, vanguard of the anti-imperialist struggle"; greeted and expressed their solidarity with the comrades who await trial for refusing to join the American army and with the university students who will be tried after the radical struggle against the Reserve Officers' Training Corps (ROTC); and resolved to continue supporting and strengthening the Organizacion Continental Latinoamericana de Estudiantes (Continental Organization of Latin American Students) (OCLAE) because it is the only student organization on a continental level which is giving moral and material support to the Latin American revolutionary.

OCLAE is an organization of Latin American students with headquarters located in Havana, Cuba.

MOVIMIENTO PRO-INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO  
(PUERTO RICAN INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MPIPR)

The MPIPR was organized in November, 1959, at Ponce, Puerto Rico. It has a current membership of about 700-800 persons with several thousand sympathizers. The MPIPR is organized in missions which are located in various towns throughout Puerto Rico. There are also members and sympathizers in the continental United States. The MPIPR National Headquarters is located at 1122 Ponce de Leon Avenue, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico.

At the time the MPIPR was organized, it indicated that it did not advocate violence, but would accept members who did. JUAN MARI BRAS, the founder and dominant leader of the organization, in a speech in 1964, threatened violence comparable to that in Algeria, 1964, if Puerto Rico became a state within the United States.

MARI BRAS, in an editorial appearing in the March 15, 1970, issue of "Claridad," the MPIPR newspaper, stated that "in Puerto Rico there is an incipient armed struggle on the part of pro-independence individuals who consider it their patriotic duty to conduct warfare against the empire which dominates us. We believe that every Puerto Rican has the right to make war against the invaders of our country. And war is mainly killing and dying."

The press of Puerto Rico has reported that the MPIPR has held numerous public meetings and demonstrations at which they protested compulsory military service for Puerto Ricans, and United States policy in Vietnam. The MPIPR has further urged the boycott of elections in Puerto Rico.

On April 21, 1970, during the course of a program on WTSJ Television in San Juan, Puerto Rico, MARI BRAS stated that the MPIPR has innumerable contacts with revolutionary organizations in South America, Canada, Cuba, Europe, Africa, and in Asia. Through 1969, the MPIPR had a permanent representative stationed in Havana, Cuba.

1  
PRENSA LATINA (PL)

PRENSA LATINA is a Cuban news agency with headquarters in Havana, Cuba, and branches throughout the world. PL, which was organized in Cuba on June 16, 1959, follows in its releases an editorial policy which is anti-United States and pro-Soviet Union.

On April 16, 1952, PL filed a statement with the United States Department of Justice conceding that the agency receives the sum of \$125,000 (Cuban) monthly from Radio Difusora Nacional, an agency of or under the supervision of a ministry of the Government of the Republic of Cuba.

On April 18, 1952, PL entered a plea of nolo contendere in Federal District Court, Washington, D. C., to a charge of failure to comply with the provisions of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, and was fined \$2,000.



In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Juan, Puerto Rico

APR 28 1971

Title JUAN MARI BRAS

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - PUERTO RICAN  
NATIONALIST

Reference

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
communication dated and captioned  
as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities  
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable  
information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-292)

DATE: 4/19/71

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (105-3002) (RUC)

SUBJECT: JUAN MARI BRAS  
IS - PRN  
(OO: SJ)

ReSJlet to the Director, dated 3/16/71; NYlet to the Director, dated 4/2/71.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 10 copies and for the San Juan Office 2 copies of an LHM concerning subject's visit to New York City, 3/21/71-3/30/71.

The following sources were utilized in the enclosed LHM:

- 1: [REDACTED]
- 2: [REDACTED]

The enclosed LHM has been classified "Confidential" because information contained therein was provided by the above mentioned sources, the unauthorized disclosure of which could possibly compromise the identities of these valuable sources, thus adversely effecting the national defense.

The article appearing in the newspaper "El Diario - La Prensa" was translated by SA [REDACTED]

cc - FAO-150-0-6-2  
SS [unclear]  
DIA [unclear]  
cc - [unclear] by migration for destruction  
4/27/71  
SSM/eyr

*[Handwritten signature]*  
117  
-3cc dest [unclear]  
ENCLOSURE 28

REC-66 105-292-450

APR 21 1971

- 2 - Bureau (Encls. 10) (RM)
- 2 - San Juan (100-4785) (Encls. 2) (RM)
- 1 - New York

LEB:1xp

(5)

5 APR 26 1971

NAT [unclear] SEC



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York  
April 19, 1971

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No. File 105-292  
File 105-3002

Juan Mari Bras.

SELF-PROCLAIMED

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on March 25, 1971, that Juan Mari Bras, Secretary General of the Asociacion de Profesionales de Puerto Rico, DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS at the Department of Justice, self-proclaimed FBI delegate to the United Nations, 25 West End Street, New York, New York, during his visit to New York.

The above source also advised on March 25, 1971, that Mari Bras participated in a march in the south Bronx, New York area, and that following the march, spoke at a rally, to commemorate the Ponce Massacre, at the Plaza Borinquena, 138th Street and Brook Avenue, Bronx, New York. Source indicated that this address was sponsored by the NRP-New York Mission (NRM), the Young Lords Party (YLP) and the Puerto Rican Student Union (PRSU). In his talk, Mari Bras discussed the events surrounding the Ponce Massacre and the theme of independence for Puerto Rico.



On March 25, 1971, the first source, and on April 1, 1971, a second source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that on March 22, 1971, Juan Mari Bras spoke at a forum sponsored by the NRP-NYM at Brooklyn College, Bedford Avenue and Avenue H, Brooklyn, New York.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES

AND FIELD OFFICES

ADVISED BY ROUTING

SUBJECT: JUAN MARI BRAS

DATE: 2/2

CONFIDENTIAL

GROUP 1

Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification.

DECLASSIFIED BY 6080

ON 3-8-77

*M*

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

105-292-450

ENCLOSURE

Juan Mari Bras

A characterization of the MPI, MPI-NYM, YLP and the PRSU are contained in the Appendix attached hereto.

In the March 21, 1971 edition of "El Diario - La Prensa" page two, a Spanish language newspaper published daily in New York City, there appeared an article in which it was stated that Juan Mari Bras would probably be a speaker at a conference on March 22, 1971, in the University Lounge of Brooklyn College. The article went on to say that the conference would discuss, according to a communique authorized by the Teachers and Employees organization of Brooklyn College, "the nature and progress of the Puerto Rican Liberation Movement; arrests of Puerto Rican independentists leaders and others for their participation in the fight against the United States Navy in Culebra; the repression, arrests, beatings and acts of violence committed by the colonial government of Puerto Rico against the Puerto Rican people, especially independentists, in view of last weeks happenings at the University of Puerto Rico".

On April 1, 1971, the first source advised on March 29, 1971, Juan Mari Bras spoke about the disturbances that recently occurred at the University of Puerto Rico, at the Finkley Student Center, City College of New York, 138th Street and Convent Avenue, New York, New York, at a forum held under the auspices of the PRSU.

Source also advised on the above date, that Juan Mari Bras departed New York City, on the morning of March 30, 1971, en route to Puerto Rico.



CONFIDENTIAL

Juan Mari Bras

According to booklets distributed by the PRSU, which is also known as the Union Estudiantil Boricua (UEB) or Union Estudiantil Puertorriquena (UEP), the organization was formed by a group of Puerto Rican students from all over New York City (NYC), the five Rutgers campuses, and parts of the state university system. In September, 1969, initial organization of the PRSU was begun, and a founding convention was held to formally establish the PRSU in December, 1969. PRSU strategy calls for the organization of Puerto Rican college students into a movement that will struggle for the rights of the Puerto Rican people and socialism. The PRSU calls for improved educational opportunities for Puerto Ricans, aid to the Puerto Rican communities in their struggles to control their destinies, and independence for Puerto Rico. The PRSU contends "that the only way our people will become free from disease, poverty, ignorance, oppression, exploitation, and cultural and physical genocide is through the use of force". The PRSU headquarters is located at 440 East 138th Street, Bronx, New York.

- 2a -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1.

APPENDIXMOVIMIENTO PRO-INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO  
(PUERTO RICAN INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT)

The Movimiento Pro-Independencia de Puerto Rico (MPIPR) was organized in November, 1959, at Ponce, Puerto Rico. It has a current membership of about 700 - 800 persons with several thousand sympathizers. The MPIPR is organized in missions which are located in various towns throughout Puerto Rico. There are also members and sympathizers in the continental United States. The MPIPR National Headquarters is located at 1122 Ponce de Leon Avenue, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico.

At the time the MPIPR was organized, it indicated that it did not advocate violence but would accept members who did. JUAN MARI BRAS, the founder and dominant leader of the organization, in a speech in 1964, threatened violence comparable to that in Algeria, 1964, if Puerto Rico became a state within the United States.

MARI BRAS, in an editorial appearing in the March 15, 1970, issue of "Claridad," the MPIPR newspaper, stated that "in Puerto Rico there is an incipient armed struggle on the part of pro-independence individuals who consider it their patriotic duty to conduct warfare against the empire which dominates us. We believe that every Puerto Rican has the right to make war against the invaders of our country. And war is mainly killing and dying."

The press of Puerto Rico has reported that the MPIPR has held numerous public meetings and demonstrations at which they protested compulsory military service for Puerto Ricans and United States policy in Vietnam. The MPIPR has further urged the boycott of elections in Puerto Rico.

On April 21, 1970, during the course of a program on WTSJ Television in San Juan, Puerto Rico, MARI BRAS stated that the MPIPR has innumerable contacts with revolutionary organizations in South America, Canada, Cuba, Europe, Africa and Asia. Through 1969, the MPIPR had a permanent representative stationed in Havana, Cuba.

APPENDIXMOVIMIENTO PRO INDEPENDENCIA  
DE PUERTO RICO (PUERTO RICAN  
INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MPIPR) -  
NEW YORK MISSION (NYM)

A source advised on August 15, 1961, that the New York Mission (NYM) of the Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (MPIPR) was organized on August 6, 1961, in New York City.

A second source advised on May 13, 1970, that the NYM is also known as the "Mision Vito Marcantonio." The source further advised that the NYM continues to support and promote all of the aims and principles of the MPIPR as set forth by the headquarters of the MPIPR in Puerto Rico.

On December 5, 1967, the second source advised that on December 3, 1967, the offices of the NYM were moved from 336 East 13th Street, New York, New York, to the Casa Puerto Rico, which is the meeting and social hall of the NYM at 106 East 14th Street, New York, New York.

On May 13, 1970, the second source advised that the NYM continues to utilize the Casa Puerto Rico, 106 East 14th Street, New York, New York, as its official office and meeting hall.

A characterization of the MPIPR is set out separately.

APPENDIXYOUNG LORDS PARTY

In an article appearing in "The New York Times," December 30, 1969, page 30, PABLO GUZMAN, also known as Yoruba, then Deputy Minister of Information for the Young Lords Organization (YLO) in New York, stated the YLO was composed of revolutionaries, was one with the Cuban revolution, desired a socialist society, and independence for Puerto Rico.

According to a source, YORUBA spoke at C. W. Post College, Greenvale, New York, on March 5, 1970. In the speech, YORUBA delivered a scathing attack on all whites and declared that "from now on" the black and Puerto Rican brothers will unite against "the pigs." He pledged an organized campaign of violence and singled out Jews and white liberals as the main enemy "of our people."

A second source advised that the YLO is composed mostly of Puerto Rican youths and originated as an organization at Chicago, Illinois. The YLO is based on the philosophy of MAO Tse-tung and HO Chi-minh, with Marxist-Leninist ideology.

The Young Lords Party (YLP), according to a statement read over its radio program, "Falante," on station WBAI-FM on May 25, 1970, declared itself autonomous from the YLO National in Chicago, with a National Headquarters then located at 1678 Madison Avenue, New York, New York. According to this statement, the YLO in New York was first formed in July, 1969, as the New York State Chapter of the YLO and subsequently received a degree of autonomy as the YLO-East Coast Region. The split was attributed to a lack of political leadership on the part of the YLO National in Chicago.

APR 23 1971  
DCW  
TELETYPE

NR 49 NY CODE

840 PM IMMEDIATE 4-23-71 RJS

TO DIRECTOR 100-463195

(ATTN. DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION)

WASHINGTON FIELD

FROM NEW YORK 100-172566

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

*Circle 741 p2.*

DEMONSTRATIONS IN WASHINGTON DC, AND SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA SPONSORED BY THE NATIONAL PEACE ACTION COALITION AND THE PEOPLE'S COALITION FOR PEACE AND JUSTICE, APRIL TWENTY FOUR - MAY FIVE NINETEEN SEVENTY ONE, IS - MISC, VIDEM.

*6700  
P. Page  
Mc*

ON APRIL TWENTY THREE SEVENTY ONE AN SA OF THE FBI OBSERVED ONE TRAILWAYS BUS DEPART WOODSTOCK, NEW YORK AT FOUR TWENTY PM BOUND FOR WASHINGTON, DC APPROXIMATELY FORTY FIVE PEOPLE ABOARD MOSTLY YOUTH REPRESENTING EPISCOPAL PEACE FELLOWSHIP.

ON APRIL TWENTY THREE SEVENTY ONE AN SA OF FBI OBSERVED TWO RIVERDALE TRANSPORTATION COMPANY BUSES DEPART SEVEN ZERO SIX BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY AT EIGHT PM. APPROXIMATELY ONE HUNDRED PEOPLE MOSTLY MEMBERS OF THE YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE AND THE SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY.

*100-463195*

~~APR 23 1971~~

ON APRIL TWENTY TWO SEVENTY ONE A SOURCE, WHO HAS FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE PAST, ADVISED BUSES FROM SEVEN ZERO SIX BROADWAY WERE HIRED BY SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY (SWP) IN NEW YORK CITY.

*105-292-*

SWP DESIGNATED PURSUANT TO EXECUTIVE ORDER ONE ZERO FOUR FIVE ZERO.

NOT RECORDED  
152 MAY 4 1971

ON APRIL TWENTY THREE SEVENTY ONE SECOND SOURCE,

END PAGE ONE

"cc to IDIU  
Adm. data deleted"  
*cf/wann all*

54 MAY 11 1971

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-463195-511

PAGE TWO

WHO HAS FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE PAST ADVISED JUAN MARI BRAS,  
SECRETARY GENERAL, MOVIMIENTO PRO INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO  
(A MILITANT PUERTO RICAN INDEPENDANCE ORGANIZATION),  
WILL BE A SPEAKER AT THE RALLY APRIL TWENTY FOUR SEVENTY ONE,  
IN WASHINGTON DC.

-----ADMINISTRATIVE-----

FIRST SOURCE IS [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] BUS

DEPARTURES FURNISHED TELEPHONICALLY TO WFO.

END

EBM FBI WA CLR

CC-

APR 24 1971

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-75715)      DATE: 6/2/71

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (105-39139)

SUBJECT: MOVIMIENTO PRO INDEPENDENCIA DE  
PUERTO RICO (PUERTO RICAN INDEPENDENCE  
MOVEMENT) (MPIPR)  
IS - PRN

ReS Jteletype to the Director dated 4/22/71, captioned as above, concerning news conference to be held by JUAN MARI BRAS, Secretary General of the MPIPR, on 4/23/71, at the Casa Puerto Rico (CPR), 106 East 14th Street, NYC, the headquarters of the MPIPR-New York Mission (NYM).

On 4/26/71, [redacted] advised that JUAN MARI BRAS spoke briefly at the demonstration held in Washington, D.C. on 4/24/71. According to the source, MARI BRAS was accompanied by RAFAEL BAERGA, Secretary of Organization, MPIPR-NYM on the trip to Washington, D.C. Source reported that MARI BRAS and BAERGA traveled by car and returned to New York City on the evening of 4/24/71.

On 5/18/71 [redacted] advised that JUAN MARI BRAS was in attendance at the anti-war demonstration held in Washington, D.C. on 4/24/71. Source further advised that he had heard that MARI BRAS gave a short speech to the demonstrators and that he did not stay in Washington, D.C. for more than a few hours.

Neither source was able to comment as to the tenor of MARI BRAS' speech.

The article concerning JUAN MARI BRAS which appeared in the 5/6/71, edition of "El Diario-La Prensa", a Spanish language newspaper published daily in New York City, which was furnished to the San Juan Division, could possibly have been the account of the scheduled press conference of 4/23/71, although no mention of a press conference was made in the article.

- 2-Bureau (RM)
- 3-San Juan (105-3401) (RM)  
(1-100-4785) (JUAN MARI BRAS)
- 1-WFO (100-37090) (INFO) (RM)
- 1-New York (105-3002) (JUAN MARI BRAS) (41)

NOT RECORDED

152 JUL 10 1971

7  
2

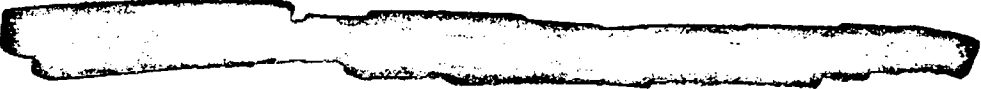
105-75715-  
ORIGINAL FILED IN



56 JUN 13 1971

NY 105-39139

The following informants who are aware of various phases of the Puerto Rican Independence Movement in New York City, when contacted during April and May, 1971, advised that they could furnish no information regarding activity by JUAN TRIERIS in New York City during the later part of April, 1971.





CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Juan, Puerto Rico

July 14, 1971

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

MOVIMIENTO PRO INDEPENDENCIA DE  
PUERTO RICO (PUERTO RICAN INDE-  
PENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MPIPR)

The MPIPR is a prominent Marxist-Leninist organization seeking complete independence for Puerto Rico. Although it does not openly advocate the use of terrorist activities in the struggle for independence, its leaders have publicly expressed sympathy for those engaged in such activities. It supports the forces of the Castro Cuban Revolution and maintains a permanent representative in Havana, Cuba.

On June 1, 1971, SJ T-1 advised there was talk among members of the MPIPR of a possible "coup d'etat" against Juan Mari Bras, the self-proclaimed leader and Secretary-General of the MPIPR.

*Falso*

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF *105-292-1080*  
DATE *9-3-77*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFIED BY *6080*  
ON *3-9-77*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and declas-  
sification.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

*105-292-*  
ENCLOSURE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

*Falsa*

Florencio Merced Rosa, former President of the Federacion de Universitarios Pro-Independencia (Federation of University Students for Independence) (FUPI) and currently Secretary of Youth Affairs of the MIPR appears to be leader of the group which is opposing Juan Mari Bras. The issue at stake is whether or not the MIPR should participate in or boycott the Puerto Rican general elections of 1972.

The FUPI was organized in October, 1956, at the University of Puerto Rico, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, as a student organization working to obtain independence for Puerto Rico. It is a Marxist-oriented organization which supports the principles of the Cuban Revolution to achieve its aims. It is considered to be an MIPR affiliated group on the university level.

*Falsa*

On July 9, 1971, SJ T-2, a source whose contact with him has been insufficient to determine his reliability but who is in a position to be knowledgeable of such information, advised that there is currently an open disagreement between Juan Mari Bras as the leader of the MIPR and Ruben Torres, the leader of the Partido Independentista Puertorriqueno (Independence Party of Puerto Rico) (PIP).

The PIP is a legally constituted political party founded in 1943. In the three most recent general elections, it has failed to poll sufficient votes to remain on the ballot but has regained status by petition or legislative act. In 1970, the

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONFIDENTIAL

MPYPR

PIP pledged itself to a more radical political posture and advocated more active participation in protests, marches, pickets and boycotts.

Juan Mari Bras wishes to unite all of the independence seeking groups on the island behind himself as a candidate for the 1972 elections. Ruben Berrios, leader of the PIP, has no intention of accepting this proposal for the following reasons:

1. The PIP is the largest independence seeking party in Puerto Rico and Berrios, as head of the PIP, has no intention of giving up his position of leadership to Juan Mari Bras.

2. The MPYPR has long been associated in the minds of the Puerto Rican people with violence and political alignment with Cuba. The PIP is of the opinion that uniting with the MPYPR, even if it were the MPYPR uniting with the PIP behind a PIP candidate, would be detrimental to the interests of the PIP because of former pro-violence and pro-Cuban statements made by the leadership and members of the MPYPR.

*d. Jue?*



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

JUAN MARI BRAS

The March 16, 1971, edition of "El Diario La Prensa," a Spanish language newspaper published daily in New York City, contained an article concerning a recently held MPENYM press conference in which it was announced that the subject would be the principal speaker at the MPIPR demonstration to take place in New York City, on March 21, 1971, concerning the Ponce Massacre commemoration.



This broadcast indicated that ANGEL MARCIAL AGOSTO AGOSTO had telephoned "Prensa Latina" in Havana, Cuba to advise them that a plan to kill MARI BRAS by "fascist groups in Puerto Rico" is evident, in retaliation for the killing of two police officers and an ROTC cadet at the University of Puerto Rico, on March 11, 1971.

ANGEL MARCIAL ~~AGOSTO~~ ~~AGOSTO~~ *BR*  
is a current member of the  
Political Commission of the  
MPIPR.

A characterization of the  
Prensa Latina is attached to this  
memorandum.

"The San Juan Star", an English language newspaper published daily in San Juan, Puerto Rico, contained an article verifying the "Prensa Latina" broadcast. In addition, it quoted MARI BRAS as stating that the groups who are threatening him are made up of "policemen and ROTC cadets." According to MARI BRAS, the MPIPR "knows of a meeting held in Santurce last week in which hand guns were given out with instructions on how to use these weapons." He also claimed to know of "a meeting somewhere in Santurce over the weekend during which a group of cadets discussed possible violent attacks against the MPIPR with police agents."

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
San Juan, Puerto Rico

July 14, 1971

Title	MOVIMIENTO PRO INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO (PUERTO RICAN INDE- PENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MPTIR)
Character	SECURITY MATTER PUERTO RICAN NATIONALIST
Reference	Memorandum at San Juan, Puerto Rico, dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

SJ T-2 has not been contacted a sufficient number of times to determine his reliability.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (105-68323)

DATE: 7/28/71

~~SECRET~~

FROM : SAC, San Juan (65-419) P

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

(OO: SJ)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF [Signature]  
DATE 7/28/71

105-68323-1178  
ReSJlet to the Bu, 4/22/71.



The San Juan Star, an English language newspaper published daily in San Juan, Puerto Rico, contained an article in its 7/26/71, edition in which Governor LUIS A. FERRE was quoted as stating in a letter to RICARDO ALARCON QUESADA, Ambassador of Cuba to the United Nations, that Cuba "has no right to represent Puerto Rico before the United Nations."

Classified by 6080  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2, 3  
Date of Declassification Indefinite  
LED/CIA 5/17/77

4 - Bureau (RM)  
(1 - 105-292 JUAN MARI BRAS)

1 - Miami [REDACTED] (RM)  
3 - New York (RM) [REDACTED]

(1 - 105-3002 JUAN MARI BRAS)  
4 - San Juan (RM)  
(1 - 100-4785)  
(1 - 105-3733)  
(1 - 65-437)

JJK:clb  
(12)

REC-47

EX-114

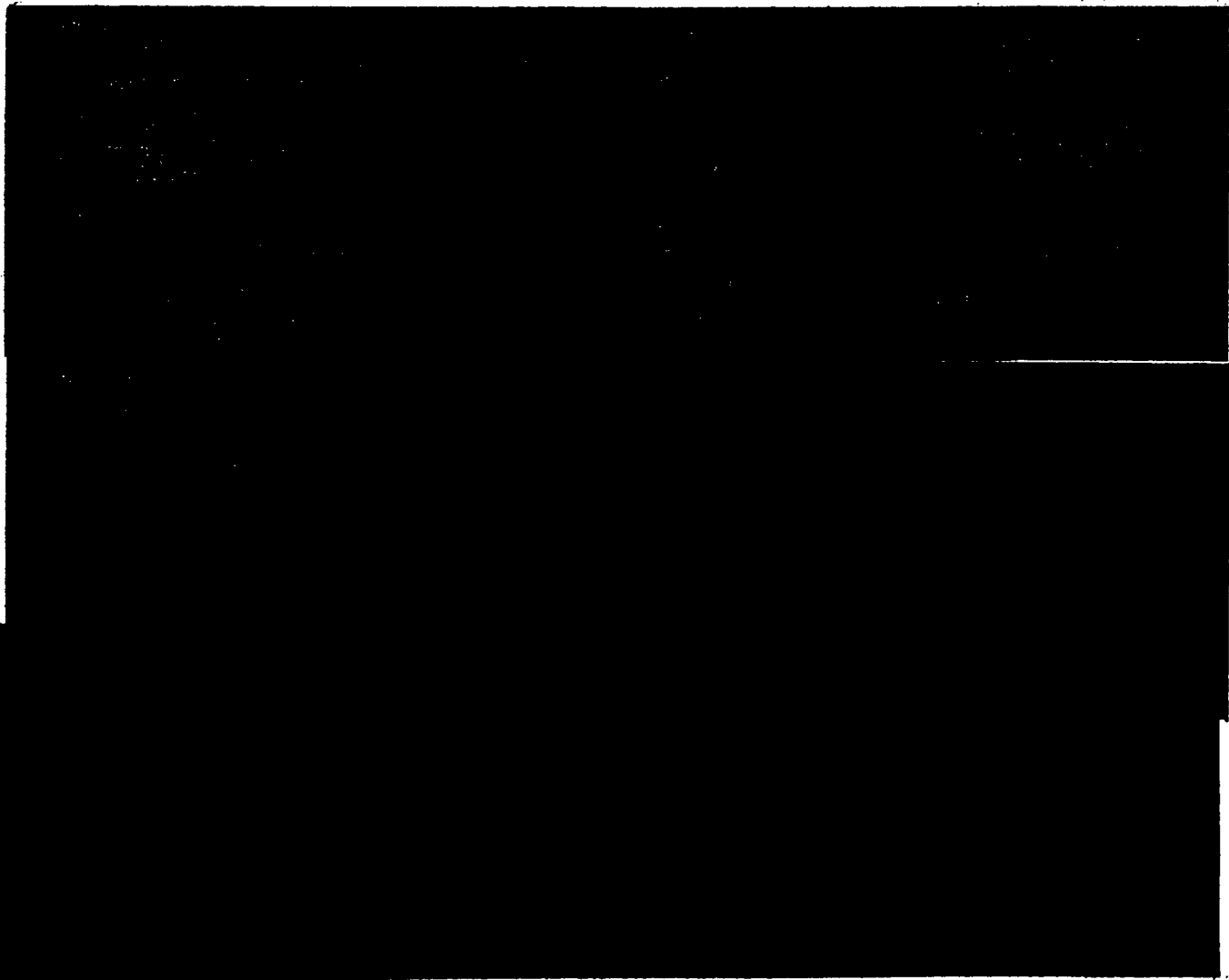
16 AUG 2 1971

ESPIONAGE  
NATIVES

630 1971 Kly

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-202-105-2077

FERRE also stated that MARI BRAS, at whose request Cuba agreed to seek UN discussion of Puerto Rico's status, "cannot speak for the people of Puerto Rico." FERRE stated that MARI BRAS "refuses to respect the democratic will of our people." He further charged that MARI BRAS "continuously threatens with resorting to violence as a way to impose his arbitrary will" on Puerto Rico and that MARI BRAS "has received no mandate from Puerto Ricans."



Director, FEI (105-75715)

AUG 16 1971

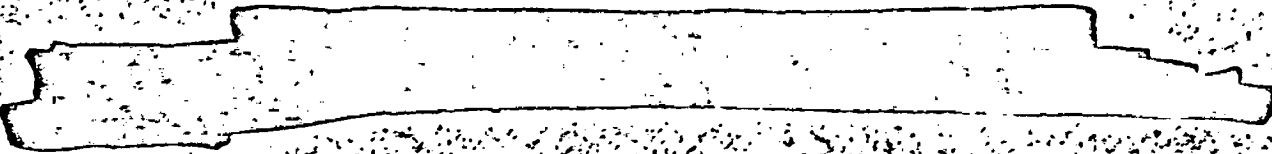
SAC, San Juan (105-3401) P

MOVIMIENTO PRO INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO  
(PUERTO RICO INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MPIPR)

IS - PRR  
(OO: SJ)

*Juan Mari Bras*

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above for appropriate dissemination.



SJ T-1

The enclosed LHM is classified "Confidential" because it contains information from SJ T-1, which was obtained through personal conversation with members of the MPIPR. The revelation of this information and subsequent compromise of the source would be prejudicial to the defense interest of the Nation.

LEAD:

SAN JUAN

AT SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO. Will remain alert for any further information concerning the internal political situation in the MPIPR and advise the Bureau of same.

ENCLOSURE

- 4 - Bureau (Enclosures - 11) (RM)
  - (1 - 105-292 JUAN MARI BRAS)
  - (1 - 65-68323 JUAN MARI BRAS)
- 5 - San Juan
  - (1 - 100-4785 JUAN MARI BRAS)
  - (1 - 65-149 JUAN MARI BRAS)

*65-68323-*

NOT RECORDED  
25 AUG 25 1971

PAH:clb  
(9)

*37*

54 AUG 31 1971

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-75715-871





CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Juan, Puerto Rico

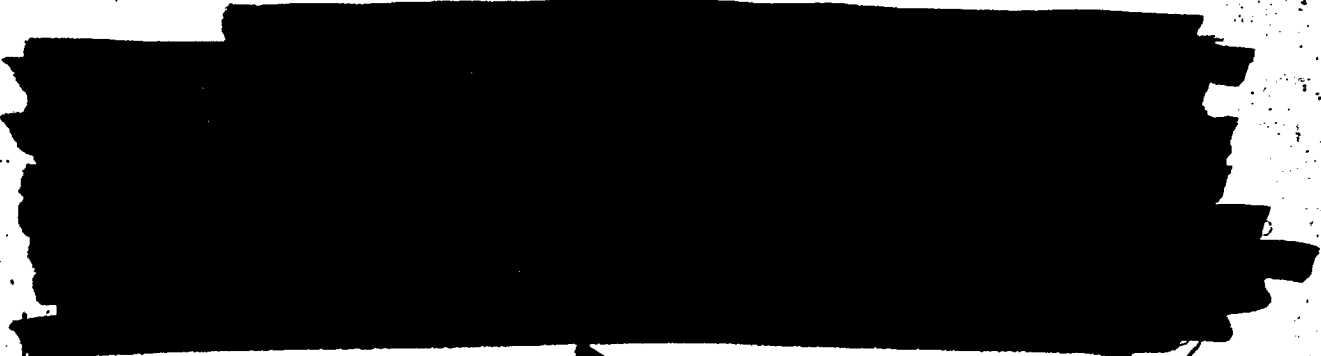
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

AUG 16 1971

MOVIMIENTO PRO INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO  
(PUERTO RICO INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MPIPR)

The MPIPR is a prominent Marxist - Leninist organization seeking complete independence for Puerto Rico. Although it does not openly advocate the use of terrorist activities in the struggle for independence, its leaders have publicly expressed sympathy for those engaged in such activities. It supports the forces of the Castro Cuban Revolution and maintains a permanent representative in Havana, Cuba.



APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF  
DATE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Classified by 6080  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2,3  
Date of Declassification Indefinite  
LED/RSJ 5/19/77

~~GROUP 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and declassification~~

~~NOT RECORDED  
25 AUG 24 1971~~

ORIGINAL FILED IN

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

65-68323 -

CONFIDENTIAL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MPIPR



Perhaps the political retirement of Juan Mari Bras will only be temporary. If that were the case, it would imply a small fight for the power among the comrades who make up the MPIPR leadership today.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Juan, Puerto Rico

AUG 16 1971

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Title

MOVIMIENTO PRO INDEPENDENCIA  
DE PUERTO RICO (PUERTO RICO  
INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT) (MPIPR)

Reference

FBI memorandum dated and  
captioned as above at San Juan,  
Puerto Rico.

All sources whose identities are concealed in  
referenced communication have furnished reliable information  
in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions  
of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your  
agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside  
your agency.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
New York, New York

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No. Bufile 105-292  
NYfile 105-3002

AUG 25 1971

Juan Mari Bras

On July 22, 1971

[REDACTED], advised  
[REDACTED] Juan Mari Bras departed San Juan, Puerto Rico (PR) at  
twelve noon, July 22, 1971, via American Airlines flight  
number 678, destination, New York (NY).

On July 27, 1971, a source, who has furnished  
reliable information in the past, advised that on July 23, 1971,  
the Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (MPIPR) -  
New York Mission (NYM), held a conference at St. Marks  
Church, East 10th Street and Second Avenue, NY, NY, with  
Juan Mari Bras, as the featured speaker.

The MPIPR - NYM also known as the "Mission  
Vito Marcantonio," which was organized on  
August 6, 1961, in New York City, continues  
to support and promote all of the aims and  
principles of the MPIPR as set forth by the  
headquarters of the MPIPR in Puerto Rico.  
The Casa Puerto Rico (CPR), 106 East 14th  
Street, New York, New York, is the official  
office and meeting hall of the MPIPR - NYM

The MPIPR is a prominent Marxist-Leninist  
organization seeking complete independence  
for Puerto Rico. Although it does not  
openly advocate the use of terrorist  
activities in the struggle for independence,  
its leaders have publicly expressed sympathy  
for those engaged in such activities. It  
supports the forces of the Castro Cuban  
Revolution and maintains a permanent  
representative in Havana, Cuba.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF [REDACTED]  
DATE [REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
~~GROUP 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification.~~

609  
3-8-77

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions  
nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It  
is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its  
contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

CLOSURE

Juan Mari Brás

From Conference at St. MARKS Church, NYC

Mari Brás spoke for approximately 1½ hours about the history of all the political parties in PR since the invasion of the United States (US) forces. He said that all failed to do something for the working class of PR. He remarked that in the 1920's, a Socialist Party was established by Santiago Iglesia, in PR, and that he tried to organize all of the working class in PR. He succeeded in the beginning, but eventually Iglesia sold out to the capitalistic interests and subsequently disappeared completely.

Mari Brás said that there is always a large depression in PR with many people unemployed, and that is the reason why one-third of the Puerto Rican people immigrated to the US.

He remarked that when the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR) appeared on the scene under the leadership of Albizu Campos, independence of PR was openly sought. Mari Brás said that Albizu Campos could not be bought by the capitalistic interests and died poor in jail. He remarked that when all the Nationalists were jailed, the party disintegrated.

The NPPR has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Mari Brás mentioned that it took some time to form and build up the MPIPR, but that the MPIPR seized the initiative after the failure of the other political parties and began working together with working groups for the independence of PR. He said everyone agrees that the MPIPR is the only hope for the independence of PR. He remarked that that is the reason why we are working together with the working class.

Mari Brás said that the MPIPR will be a different socialist party. It will adhere to the doctrine of Marxism and will be a Marxist Party.

FBI

Date: 11/2/71

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via W AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: Director, FBI (105-292)

FROM: SAC, San Juan (100-475)(P)

JUAN MARI BRAS  
IS - PRN  
~~\_\_\_\_\_~~  
(OO: SJ)

*[Handwritten signatures and initials]*

The 10/21/71, edition of "Claridad," the self-described official newspaper of the Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (Puerto Rican Independence Movement) (MPIPR), contained an article indicating that JUAN MARI BRAS, Secretary General of the MPIPR, has been invited to participate as one of the main speakers in the protest against the North American Military Invasion in Vietnam, which will take place 11/6/71, in Central Park, New York City. This event, sponsored by the National Peace Action Coalition, will have Senator VANCE HARTKE, Rev. RALPH ABERNATHY, TONY RANDALL, JONATHAN BINGHAM, and BETTY FRIEDAN, among others, as speakers. It is expected that CORETTA SCOTT KING, the widow of Rev. MARTIN LUTHER KING, will also participate in this event.

REC-14  
105-292-459  
EX-104

- 3 - Bureau (RM)
  - (1 - Anti-War Demonstration, Fall 1971)
- 3 - New York (RM)
  - (1 - Anti-War Demonstration, Fall 1971)
- 3 - San Juan
  - (1 - 100-7051)

JJK:gcb

(9)

NOV 6 1971

6 NOV 11 1971

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

*[Handwritten signatures and initials]*

SJ 100-475

LEAD:

SAN JUAN

AT SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO.

Will determine if MARI BRAS will attend the aforementioned event.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 4 1971

TELETYPE

NR010 NY CODE

425 AM NITEL 11-4-71 JMC

TO DIRECTOR

ATTN DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

SAN JUAN 100-4785 --- VIA WASHINGTON---

FROM NEW YORK 105-3002

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Miller, ES	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Dalbey	_____
Mr. Cleveland	_____
Mr. Ponder	_____
Mr. Bates	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Walters	_____
Mr. Soyars	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

JUAN MARI BRAS; IS-PRN.

ON NOVEMBER THREE, NINETEEN SEVENTY ONE, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] ADVISED THAT JUAN MARI BRAS, SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE MOVIMIENTO PRO INDEPENDENCIA DE PUERTO RICO (MPI) WOULD ARRIVE IN NEW YORK CITY FROM PUERTO RICO DURING THE MORNING OF NOVEMBER FIVE NEXT, TO PARTICIPATE IN AND SPEAK AT PEACE RALLY TO BE HELD AT CENTRAL PARK, NEW YORK CITY, UNDER SPONSORSHIP OF THE NATIONAL PEACE ACTION COALITION (NPAC), ON NOVEMBER SIX, NEXT.

NEW YORK SOURCES ALERTED TO REPORT ON SUBJECT'S ACTIVITY WHILE IN NEW YORK CITY.

END

FBI WA RDR (R RELAY)

ST-110

REC-88 105-292-457

7 NOV 5 1971

TELETYPE TO:

SJ

27  
NOV 20 1971

*WOS*  
*RKB*  
*[Signature]*  
*[Initials]*



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 5 1971  
*mxw*  
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Miller	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Dalbey	_____
Mr. Cleveland	_____
Mr. Ponder	_____
Mr. Bates	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Walters	_____
Mr. Soyars	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

*Noted*  
*W. J. ...*

*Jan 2*

*M. ...*

NR 084 SJ CODE

809PM URGENT 11-5-71 RJR

TO DIRECTOR (ATT: DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION) (105-292)

NEW YORK (105-3002) VIA WASHINGTON

FROM SAN JUAN (105-4785)

JUAN MARI BRAS, IS - PRN.

RE NEW YORK TEL, NOVEMBER FOUR LAST AND SAN JUAN AIRTEL, NOVEMBER TWO LAST.

ON INSTANT DATE,

[REDACTED]

ADVISED SUBJECT DEPARTED SAN JUAN AT ONE

P. M. INSTANT DATE FOR NEW YORK CITY VIA AMERICAN AIRLINES FLIGHT SIX SEVEN EIGHT. SUBJECT RETURNING SAN JUAN FIVE P. M. NOVEMBER SIX NEXT VIA AMERICAN AIRLINES FLIGHT SIX FIVE NINE.

SUBJECT'S TRAVEL APPARENTLY IN RESPONSE TO INVITATION TO SPEAK AT ANTI-VIETNAM WAR RALLY AS SET FORTH IN RE SAN JUAN AIRTEL.

NEW YORK REPORT SUBJECT'S ACTIVITIES.

END

R RELAY RSP FBI WAK DC

NOV 9 1971

5 TELETYPE TO:  
NY & FTB 466

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (65-68323)

DATE: 11/8/71

FROM : SAC, SAN JUAN (65-419) (P)

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]  
(00: SJ)

Re SJ letter to Bureau, 7/28/71.

Since the date of the last relet, the following information has been received in this matter:

On 9/30/71 [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Hato Rey, Puerto Rico, advised that the subject and his family have recently moved to Calle Montgomery #301, Urbanization San Gerardo, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, and the subject continues to act as Secretary General of the Movimiento Pro Independencia de Puerto Rico (Puerto Rican Independence Movement) (MPIPR) and Director of "Claridad," the official MPIPR newspaper.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING

④ - Bureau (RM)  
(1 - 105-292) (JUAN MARI BRAS)

1 - Miami [REDACTED] (RM)

3 - New York (RM)

(1 - [REDACTED]) (JUAN MARI BRAS)

1 - San Juan  
(1 - 105-3733)

(1 - 100-4785) (JUAN MARI BRAS)

(1 - 65-437)

REC-8 65-68323-480

NOV 15 1971

Classified by 6080

Exempt from GDS, Category 2, 3

Date of Declassification Indefinite

LEO/rjg 5/19/77

NAT. SEC.

JJK: job  
(12)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

105-20  
105-80787  
RECORDED COPY FILED IN



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (Bufile- 105-292)

DATE: 11/24/71

FROM : SAC, SAN JUAN (100-4785) (P)

SUBJECT: JUAN MARI BRAS  
SM-PRN  
(OO: SAN JUAN)

Cards Sent CO  
12/9/71  
mal

Re: San Juan letter and LHM, 7/19/71.

It is recommended that a Security Index Card be prepared on the above-captioned individual.

The Security Index Card on the captioned individual should be changed as follows (specify change only):

Name			
Aliases		<input type="checkbox"/> Native Born <input type="checkbox"/> Naturalized <input type="checkbox"/> Alien	Tab <input type="checkbox"/> Priority I <input type="checkbox"/> Priority II <input type="checkbox"/> Priority III
<input type="checkbox"/> ANA	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNIST	<input type="checkbox"/> NOI	<input type="checkbox"/> PPA
<input type="checkbox"/> AWC	<input type="checkbox"/> JFG	<input type="checkbox"/> PLP	<input type="checkbox"/> PRN
<input type="checkbox"/> BNT	<input type="checkbox"/> MIN	<input type="checkbox"/> POC	<input type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous (Specify) _____
<input type="checkbox"/> RAM	<input type="checkbox"/> SNC	<input type="checkbox"/> SWP	<input type="checkbox"/> WWP
Date of Birth	Place of Birth	Race	Sex <input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Business Address, Name of Employing Concern and Address, Nature of Employment, and Union Affiliation, if any.		Residence Address	
Secretary General of Partido Socialista Puertorriqueno, and Editor of Claridad, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico.		Calle Montgomery #301, Urbanizacion San Gerardo, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico.	
Key Facility Data			
Geographical Reference Number _____		Responsibility <u>NOT RECORDED</u>	

REGISTERED MAIL

DEC 3 1971

2 - Bureau (Encls. 2)  
1 - San Juan

JJK:vem  
(3)

ENCLOSURE

RESEARCH SECTION

NAT. SEC. REC.



In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Juan, Puerto Rico  
November 24, 1971

SUBJECT: JUAN MARI BRAS

CHARACTER: SECURITY MATTER - PUERTO RICAN NATIONALIST

REFERENCE: Federal Bureau of Investigation memorandum dated July 19, 1971, at San Juan, Puerto Rico.

Referenced communication contained subject's residence and/or employment address. A recent change has been determined and is being set forth below (change only specified):

Residence: Calle Montgomery #301,  
Urbanizacion San Gerardo,  
Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico.

Employment: Secretary General of Partido  
Socialista Puertorriqueno, and  
Editor of Claridad, Rio Piedras,  
Puerto Rico.

55

Date: 12/7/71  
by: [signature]

105-2900-

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

# Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (65-68323)

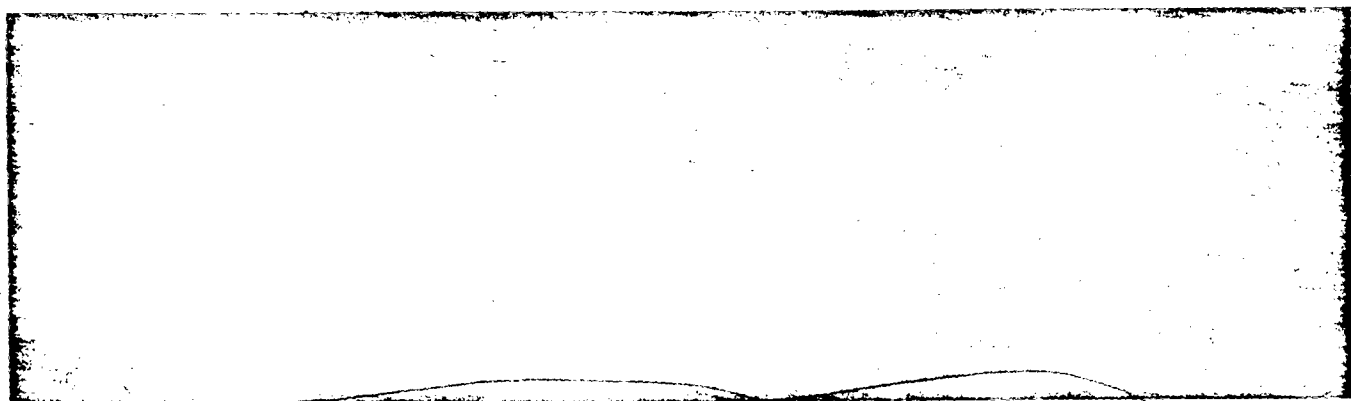
DATE: 12/1/71

~~SECRET~~

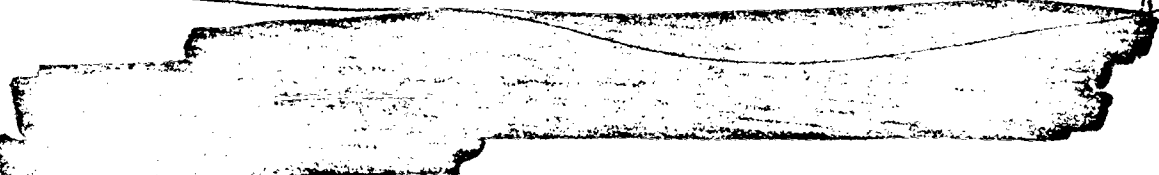
FROM : SAC, SAN JUAN (65-419)

SUBJECT: 

Re San Juan letter to Bureau, dated 11/8/71, and Bureau letter to San Juan, 11/19/71.



In the latter half of 1970, the subject purchased, in his wife's name, a 1970 Triumph, VIN FE80833E, which was used predominately by his children. *pa*



Classified by 1080  
Exempt from GDS, Category 3  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

REC-112 5/19/77

65-68323-481

AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF DATE

- ② - Bureau (RM)
- 4 - San Juan (1-100-4785)
- (1-105-13107)
- (1-103-3861)

~~SECRET~~

3 DEC 6 1971



JJK:gar

(6)

*NAT*  
*[Handwritten signature]*